San Francisco.

N. W. SPAULDING,

w-Smithing & Repairing

ESTABLISHMENT,

119 Fremont St., between Front and Battery,

SAN FRANCISCO

N. W SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH

TED IN CIRCULAR SAWS

EPAIRING in all its branches, such as Grum

Toothing Straightening &c

IRCULAR SAWS of all sizes, also Cross cut, Re

lay, Gang, Book Butcher and Hand Saws of all

ether with a good assortment of Saw Arbors &c

market rates

Cast-Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDI

ITTERS always on hand, of made to order upon short

N. B.—Messrs KNAPP, BURRELL & Co

nsolation Merchants Portland, Oregon, are my

thorized Agents for Oregon Washington and Idah

Orders sent through them by telegraph or other

ll be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct.

P. LIEBENFELD'S

ILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTORY

671 MARKET STREET SAN FRANCISCO

Sole Agents

On the Pacific C

FOR

PHELAN & COLLENDER'S

EW DESIGN BEVELED TABLE patented June 9

911; also, the EUREKA WIRE CUSHION, patented

ay 21, 1872, and the celebrated Combination Cushion

On hand, a large assortment of Second-hand Tables

nd the new patent Bagatelle called MONITOR

ted Sept. 10, 1872

DR. WONSEIT'S

INDIAN ROOT BITTERS

U.S.A.

STRIKES AT THE ROOT OF EVERY DISEA

which lies in the Liver and the Blood It CU

ILES, CONSTIPATION, CHRONIC COUGHS, D

EPSIA, FEVER AND AGUE, KIDNEY, ALL U

OUS and MOST CHRONIC DISEASES THEY HA

NO EQUAL IN CASES OF FEMALE WEAKNESS,

WM HAWKINS, Agent and Manufacturer,

418 Sacramento street, bet Sansome and Battery,

San Francisco

For sale everywhere. E MARTIN & CO,

Wholesale Agents, Portland Oregon

FOUNDRYMEN, BLACKSMITHS

AND CARRIAGE-MAKERS.

ELECTRIC OLD COMPANY'S LEHIGH COAL

Jackson Creek, Cask and Bulk Cumberland

ard and Soft PIG IRON —Being a specialty, the

o be selected with great care for Interior consumers.

J. R. DOYLE,

13 and 115 Pacific street, 420 East Street Wharf, betw

Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco n.5d3p1y

L. P. FISHER,

ADVERTISING AGENT

Rooms 20 & 21 Merchants' Exchange,

California st., San Francisco,

SOLICITS ADVERTISEMENTS AND SUBSCRI

tions for the DAILY AND WEEKLY OREGONIAN and

apers published in California, Oregon and Nevad

ashington, Utah Idaho, Montana, Colorado, Arizo

d adjacent Territories; Sandwich Islands, the Britis

ossessions, Mexican Ports, Nicaragua, Panama, Ve

nezuela, Japan and China; New Zealand and the A

stralian Colonies, the Atlantic States and Europe.

ADVERTISING

Has created many a new business;

Has enlarged many an old business;

Has revived many a dull business;

Has rescued many a lost business;

Has saved many a failing business;

Has preserved many a large business;

And insures success in any business.

GIRARD'S SECRET.—Stephen Girard used to say

is old age: "I have always considered advertising li

ally and long to be the great medium of success in b

ness, and the prelude to wealth. And I have made

invariable rule to advertise in dull times as well as th

rosiest, long experience having taught me that mone

thus spent is well laid out, as by continually keeping

business before the public it has secured many sales tha

otherwise would have lost."

ADVERTISE YOUR BUSINESS.

KEEP YOUR NAME BEFORE THE PUBLIC

JUDICIOUS ADVERTISING INSURES A FORTUNE

IF BUSINESS IS DULL, ADVERTISE.

IF BUSINESS IS BRISK, ADVERTISE.

☞ The man who didn't believe in advertising h

one into partnership with the sheriff, and that ob

ves the advertising. jy16d3m

New York.

J. M. KEELER & CO.,

93 Liberty St., New York.

OREGON AND N. W. COMMISSION

AGENCY

FOR BUYING AND FORWARDING DIRECT, U

Isthmus, Rail and Cape Horn, with San Francis

connections, all classes and varieties of Merchandise

or sale of Exports from the North-West.

Advances made on approval Consignments, and or

respectfully solicited. All orders and business will

ceive prompt attention.

REFERENCES—New York: N. Y. Nat'l Bank o

Dodge Tilton and Chambers St.; Messrs. A. M. & C

Tilton, 96 Liberty street; Messrs. J. L. Brownell & Co

Bankers, 28 Broad street, Messrs. Beatty, Mills &

Co., 84 South street. Oregon: Messrs. Ladd & Ti

ton, Bankers, Portland; Hon. R. D. Shattuck, Portl

Messrs. Ladd & Bush, Bankers, Salem, A. A. McCo

Esq., Salem.

TO ADVERTISERS

ALL PERSONS WHO CONTEMPLATE MAKI

contracts with newspapers for the insertion

dvertisements should send to

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO

for a Circular, or inclose 25 cents for their One Hu

dred Page Pamphlet, containing Lists of 3

newspapers and estimates, showing the cost of Adver

ing, also many useful hints to advertisers, and t

count of the experience of men who are known

Successful Advertisers. This firm are prop

tors of the American Newspaper Advertising Agency,

41 PARK ROW, N.Y.

and are possessed of unequalled facilities for securing

sertion of Advertisements in all Newspapers and Pe

dicals at lowest rates. jan1-3m

PORTLAND

Library Association

ROOMS,

CORNER OF STARK AND FIRST STREETS,

OVER LADD & TILTON'S BANK

NEARLY 5,000 VOLUMES

AND

OVER 100 PAPERS AND PERIODICALS.

Membership Fees to All.

Monthly Dues $1 00—payable Quarterly

DIRECTORS:

WILLIAM S. LADD, ADDISON C GIBBS,

PHILIP SCHUYLER, Jr. C. H. LEWIS,

MATTHEW P. DEADY, M. W. MACKENZIE,

WM. WAKEFIELD, H. FAILING,

J. H. BRACKETT, L. BLUM

P. B. WAKEFIELD, President.

H. FAILING, Vice President.

P. C. SCHUYLER Jr., Tr'

J. W. FECHEIMER, Corresponding Secret

HENRY A. OXER, Librarian and Rec Sec

To Exempt Firemen.

APPLICATIONS OF EXEMPT MEMBERS OF TH

Fire Department for the new Exempt Certificat

and Badges will be received at the office of the Secret

of the Fire Department for sixty days from the 8t

inst. At the expiration of this time the Exempt C

tificates will be instituted and the Certificates and Badges issued

those who have applied according to the seniority of t

membership upon the Register

Until further notice, the Secretary of the Fire Depa

ment can be found at his office, third story of new Po

ice Building, from 9 until 3 P M each day Sundays e

cepted. O HALL,

Secretary Portland Fire Department

Portland, Feb 5, 1873 22d

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE CO PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXIS

TING between the undersigned, under the fir

name of SMITH & DAVIS, is this day dissolved

mutual consent, S. M Smith retiring therefrom.

The Wholesale Drug Business will be continued at th

old stand, 71 Front st., by the remaining partners, Mr

Schuyler, who will pay all liabilities of the late firm

and to whom alone must be paid all sums due Smith

Davis on notes, book accounts or otherwise, except

only such accounts as are due to the store of the late firm

situated at the corner of Ash and First streets, whi

counts, together with the business and good will of

said store, become the property of S M Smith.

SAM'L M SMITH,

T A DAVIS,

P C SCHUYLER.

1324tim-w3c

Portland, O., Jan. 29, 1873.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL XIII. PORTLAND. OREGON THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 27. 1873. NO 21

The Daily Oregonian.

PUBLISHED BY

THE OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 25 cents a week. Single copies, 10 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State: $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $3 for three months. Advertising at Usual rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $2 per annum, $1 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

All papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

OFFICE—S E corner Front and Stark streets

SAN FRANCISCO AGENCY—I. P. FISHER, Rooms 20 and 21, Merchants Exchange, California street

Professional Cards.

Removed.

DR. C C STORMS HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE to No 5 Dekum's Building.

Jan. 18, 1873.

JNO. B. PILKINGTON M. D.

OCULIST & AURIST.

ROOM 2 DEKUM'S BUILDING, CORNER FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS

OFFICE HOURS—10 to 12—3 to 4, and 7 to 8 P M.

DR. MARY A. THOMSON,

PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR.

RESIDENCE & OFFICE—Third street, between Salmon and Main opposite the Public Square. Calls attended to in any part of the City. Batteries for sale and instructions given on the use of Electricity as a Remedial Agent.

$20 DENTISTRY REDUCED! $20

At my Residence and Office on MAIN St.,

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE,

BET. FOURTH and FIFTH,

IN ORDER THAT EVERYBODY MAY ENJOY THE comfort and pleasure arising from a PERFECT ADJUSTED SET OF TEETH, the following prices will be maintained: *Best Entire Set of Upper Teeth, $20; Best Set of Lower Teeth, $15; Extraction of Teeth, $50.*

REFERENCES—Patrons.

J. W. BODGE.

jl7d3m

Law Cards.

CHAS. L. HALL. RALEIGH STOTT.

HALL & STOTT,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW

111 FIRST ST.—ROOM NO 3—PORTLAND.

(Opposite the Occidental Hotel

JOHN B. WALDO,

Attorney-at-Law,

Room 16, Dekum's Building, N W corner Washington and First streets. daw

H. D. SHATTUCK. H. KILLIN

SHATTUCK & KILLIN!

Attorneys-at-Law,

Room 1, DEKUM'S BUILDING, N. W. cor. Washington and First streets.

W. H. EFFINGER,

Attorney-at-Law,

Corbett's Building, First street.

PETER C. KOCH,

Attorney-at-Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC & CONSULAR AGENT,

n21f Room No 9, Dekum's Building

FRANK L. STOTT

Attorney-at-Law,

EUGENE CITY, OREGON

GEO. H. DURHAM. H. Y. THOMPSON

DURHAM & THOMPSON,

Attorneys-at-Law,

109 First St., opposite Occidental Hotel, Portland, Oregon

n13 dawtf

W. B. GILBERT,

Attorney-at-Law,

OFFICE—Room 24, Dekum's Building, Cor. FIRST and WASHINGTON Streets.

CHAS. W. FARRISH, Attorney-at-Law. ANDREW HILL, Notary.

PARRISH & HILL,

Searchers of Record, Conveyancers and Collectors.

HAVE A PERFECT ABSTRACT AND INDEX OF the Deeds of Multnomah county, embracing wholly and town property, and also outside lands.

Office—Room No. 1, First Floor, Corbett's Block

J.W. WHALLEY, M. P. FECHHEIMER, Notary Public.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,

And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.

OFFICE—Odd Fellows Temple, No. 101 First St., Portland

Particular attention paid to collections.

F. A. CHENOWETH

Attorney-at-Law,

CORVALLIS, OREGON.

THOMAS J. DRYER,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Office—Front St., bet. B and C.

Business Cards.

T. J. O'BRIEN'S

CIGAR PARLOR,

50 First Street,

ADJOINING THE THEATER

PIT A. EDDY,

DEALER IN

H. E. ANKENY'S DAIRY PRODUCE,

Stall No. 3.

CENTRAL MARKET.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN BUTTER, Cheese, Lard, Eggs Etc

PATTERSON & SEMPLE,

General Brokers.

Bonds, Stocks and other Securities Bought and Sold.

COLLECTIONS AND INVESTMENTS MADE FOR parties abroad

Agents for the transaction of all kinds of Financial business.

Office—S. E. cor STARK and FRONT streets, Portland, Oregon d1f

L. THERKELSEN.

Carpenter & Builder,

SHOP—Alder Street, bet Sixth and Seventh

RESIDENCE—Corner Seventh and Alder Streets

ALFRED GOODNOUGH. GEO. F TRIBOU.

GOODNOUGH & TRIBOU,

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

North First street, between B and C sts.

L. A. GODDARD,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

OREGON

Livery & Hack Stable.

THE FINEST STOCK IN THE CITY,

HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD AND BOARDED AT EXCEEDINGLY REASONABLE RATES

Hacks on Call Day and Night.

Nos. 114 & 116 Second St., cor. Morrison

GEO. W. VOLLUM,

Bookbinder, Paper - Ruler and Blank-Book Manufacturer,

95 Front st., over Millwain's. n12

River Steamers.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S

NOTICE!

BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows:

FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock A M

FOR KALAMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 2 o'clock P M

FOR MONTICELLO—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 o'clock A M

FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A M

J. C AINSWORTH, President

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

STEAMBOATS.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE STEAMBOAT

SENATOR

Will leave Portland Warehouse & Dock Company a Wharf, foot of F street, at 2 o'clock P M, Daily (except Sunday) for Oregon City and intermediate places.

Passengers for LAFAYETTE, DAYTON, CHAMPOEG and BUTTEVILLE, will

Take the Cars at Portland at 9:15 A. M.

On Monday Wednesday and Friday,

connecting at Canemah with the COMPANY'S STEAMBOATS for the above places.

Passengers will notify Baggage Master at Station, East Portland to check Baggage for CANEMAH

No Freight will be received for shipment after four P. M., during the months of November, December and January. For information as to Freight or Passage, apply at the Office, Front and F streets.

J. D. BILES, Agent

Railroads.

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.

DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

As follows.

LEAVE		ARRIVE
Portland	7 45 A M.	Roseburg 5 00 P M.
Roseburg	5 00 A M.	Portland 5 15 P M.

Freight Trains (with Passengers Cars attached) run daily (Sunday excepted) between

PORTLAND AND JUNCTION

as follows:

LEAVE		ARRIVE
Portland	8 00 A.M	Junction 8 00 P M.
Junction	5 45 A M	Portland 5 00 P.M.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

☞ Tickets for sale to all the principal points in Oregon, California and the East at Company's Office

Cor. F and Front sts., at the Ferry Landing, Portland.

Storage will be charged on all freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

FREIGHT will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock, P M

H. THIELSEN, Gen' Supt.

J. C HILDRETH, Asst. Supt

E P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

OREGON CENTRAL R. R. CO.

WILL, ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, NOV 3d, 1872, run a DAILY

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN

FROM

Portland to St. Joseph,

Connecting with stages at Cornelius for FOREST GROVE, and at St Joseph for all points south and west—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis

LEAVE		ARRIVE
Portland	8 00 A. M	St Joseph 11.50 A. M
St. Joseph	1.00 P. M.	Portland 5 00 P M.

FREIGHT received at the Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf and will not be received for shipment after 4 o'clock P M during the months of November, December and January.

J. C. HILDRETH, General Sup't.

H. A JEROME, Agent, Portland

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The Great Central Iowa Short Line

OVERLAND ROUTE,

With its Connections East and West, is the

Shortest, Quickest and Best Route

BETWEEN THE

Pacific and Atlantic,

VIA

Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.

THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAILS making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by

THE CENTRAL AND UNION PACIFIC RAILROADS, AND AT CHICAGO

With all FAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North & South.

☞ The most Elegantly Furnished PARLOR SLEEPING CARS ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned, and run by this Co. between Omaha and Chicago.

Through Tickets to all points East can be obtained at OREGON & DALLES RAILROAD OFFICE, Portland, Oregon,

And at O P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.

☞ Be Sure Your Tickets Read via Rock Island.

A. E. SMITH,

General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

HUGH RIDDLE, Gen'l Supt, Chicago

WM B STEELE, Passenger Agent, San Francisco

STAGE LINES.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

COLUMBIA RIVER & PUGET SOUND

STAGE COMPANY.

GEORGE COGGAN, Proprietor.

CONCORD COACHES, FINE STOCK, SKILLED AND CAREFUL DRIVERS

Only Fifteen Miles Staging

QUICKEST, CHEAPEST & BEST ROUTE

To the Sound and Victoria, and

FROM VICTORIA TO PORTLAND & CALIFORNIA

Fare from Portland to Olympia, $7 50

ONE DOLLAR SAVED BY PURCHASING TICKets at O. S N Co.'s office, Portland. Our agents on trains will take charge of passengers and baggage for our stages, in waiting at Tenino. Passengers from Olympia leave daily at 9 A. M. (except Sundays), connecting at Tenino with N P. R. R. for Kalama and Portland

Stage Office in Olympia at Pacific Hotel.

PORTLAND

PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING

ESTABLISHMENT,

Nos. 27 and 29 First St.

ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT REASONABLE rates, the largest and most complete assortment of STEAM FITTINGS north of San Francisco—comprising Bastings, Nipples, Union Couplings, Tees, Quarter and Return-Bends, Globe, Angle and Check Valves, Air, Gauge and Service Cocks and all kinds of Brass Work for Steam, Water and Gas.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting done with promptness and in a workmanlike manner.

All sizes Wrought Iron Pipe, from ⅛ to 4-inch inside diameter, also Galvanized Iron, and Lead Pipe, all sizes

EARTHEN DRAW PIPES.

Gas Chandeliers, Brackets, Pendants, Portable Stand Shades, &c.

C. H. MYERS

FABRE,

Central Market

Has enlarged his

COFFEE STAND,

AND

Added Such Improvements

As will enable him to

PROVIDE EPICURES WITH BEST IN THE MARKET

Banks.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND.

DESIGNATED DEPOSITARY AND FINANCIAL AGENT, U S

President . . . . HENRY FAILING,

Cashier . . . . JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY, subject to check at sight

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS; payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on

NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO,

CHICAGO, ST LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS,

BERLIN, FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN.

Savings! Savings!

FIRST

NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

THIS BANK HAS ESTABLISHED IN CONNECTION with the general Banking business a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and will allow Interest on Coin Deposits made in accordance with the conditions adopted by the Association.

In establishing a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT this Bank by Association has in view no desire to secure to the class of persons having small sums to loan, by providing a safe place of deposit, simple security and fair rate of interest, as well as to aggregate and bring into use idle capital.

For the safety of deposits in this Bank are pledged the entire capital and resources, and also the personal liability of its Directors and Stockholders, as provided by Section 12 of the National Currency Act, approved June 3, 1864, a greater security than that given by ordinary State Loan Banks. Printed copies of the conditions upon which deposits are received may be had upon application at the Bank.

HENRY FAILING, President.

JAMES STEEL, Cashier

Directors:

HENRY FAILING, HENRY W. CORBETT,

L B WAKEFIELD, JOSIAH FAILING,

JAMES STEEL

THE BANK

OF

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500.

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE—5 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES.

IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.

AGENCIES,

IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND & IRELAND,

Exchange for sale on

England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

LADD & TILTON,

BANKERS,

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.

INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS or TRUST FUNDS in sums of One Dollar and upwards from date of Deposit.

MONEY LOANED on approved Security.

BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on Deposit for safe keeping.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INVESTMENTS in Real Estate and other property made for parties.

SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold.

☞ AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds of Financial and Trust Business.

MASONIC SAVINGS & LOAN BANK

No. 6 Post St., Masonic Temple, San Francisco.

GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $150,000

LEONIDAS E PRATT, President.

Geo. Rooms, Secretary. 8d1y

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL.

CORBETT, FAILING & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT & C

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

IRON and STEEL,

ROPE, ETC., ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.

Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN R. FOSTER

CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.,

DEALER IN

Howe's Platform & Counter Scales,

THE BEST IN USE.

SHELF AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

MINERS' GOODS,

NAILS, ROPE, SHOVELS, ANVILS AXES, ETC., ETC.

All of which is offered at Lowest Rates.

He invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere

Would invite particular attention of buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

STOVES!

E. MILWAIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

STOVES, SHEET-IRON, TIN PLATE,

PLUMBING & GAS-FITTING

CHEAPER

Than Any Other House in Town.

E MILWAIN,

95 Front and 96 First streets.

Great Reduction in Tariff over Western Union Telegraph Lines.

ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 1ST, 1873, THE Tariff from any Western Union office to any other Western Union office, will not exceed Two Dollars and Fifty Cents for Ten Words. This includes Eastern as well as Coast dispatches.

jn9dd3m JAMES GARNER, Gen'l Superintendent.

OREGON.

Ben Simpson has bought out the City Hotel at Corvallis.

To-morrow (Friday) evening Dr. A. L Lindsley, of Portland, will lecture at Salem on the subject—Hearts and Hands.

Merchants up the valley are receiving large quantities of eggs from the farmers, paying a 1 the way from 12½ to 15 cents per dozen.

The corner stone of the new M. E Church South, at Salem, was laid on Wednesday of this week. One man, according to the *Statesman*, did it with his little hammer and trowel.

The *Statesman* says: "The people of Salem were waiting and watching for the arrival of the *Annie Stewart* at that place on Wednesday of last week." They will not have to wait long. She is coming.

A Pendleton, Umatilla, correspondent, writing under date of February 22d, says "the weather is nice and warm here, though the snow is said to be nine feet deep on the summit of the Blue Mountains."

A letter to the *Statesman* from Baker City represents the people of that part of Oregon as in the broad road that leads to "glory or the grave"—they having excellent mining prospects for the coming spring, and their horses have got the epizootics. No explanation necessary.

A sample of the earth paint, mentioned in the OREGONIAN a few days ago, has been sent to this office. The sender says it is sienna. One of his neighbors says it looks like umber. We don't know what it is, but it is said to be a very fine article of paint, giving a stain when properly applied, very much like mahogany, and is free from dirt, grit, and poisonous properties. The quantity is inexhaustible.

The Salem *Statesman* says: "The examination of the medical class at the Willamet University will begin to-morrow, and continue through Friday, Saturday and Monday. This examination will be written and far more thorough and critical than like examinations in most of the Eastern medical colleges. The commencement exercises and award of degrees will take place Tuesday evening, March 4th."

A letter from Linkville, written on the 19th and published in the *Statesman*, contains the following: "Peace Commissioners are upon us. They cover us like a cloud. We feel discouraged now. Loss of time in whipping the Modocs is death to us. They are butchering our cattle and burning our houses, and only waiting till spring to butcher us. Oregonians in Washington have struck the hardest blow yet; delay is death. We who have fought the Modocs want no peace that must be bought with a criminal, cowardly surrender. We who are here, and who have labored these many years to settle peaceably this Modoc trouble, know best the whole situation and the only remedy that will do."

THE TERRITORIES.

A biting north wind swept down the Sound all day last Monday.

Five cases of the horse disease have been reported in Walla Walla county.

Actual settlers entered 12,542 acres of Government land in Colorado last year.

Isaac Dixon, in jail at Olympia for larceny, has been pardoned by Governor Ferry.

The Kansas Pacific Railroad took to Denver last year 11,250 passengers, and brought away 6,794.

Captain J. T. Nash, of the steamer *Etta White*, fell overboard at Port Madison last Saturday, and narrowly escaped being drowned.

One hundred and seventy-one votes are on the municipal register of Olympia, but little over half the legal number of voters. Ten days yet remain in which to register.

The new county building at Olympia will be finished at a cost of $99. Among other improvements the wood shed is to be converted into a room for the Clerk's office.

An actress taught one quarter's school at Corinne, and now all the children assume theatrical airs, and say "nobul joke," and "heavy-tool skuy," and the parents can't persuade them to straighten their mouths.

The Idaho Oxy-Hydrogen Flame Company has recently been incorporated in San Francisco for the purpose of putting into operation certain processes secured by letters patent in Idaho Territory. Capital stock, $350,000, divided into 3,500 shares. The Trustees are: P. H. Blanchard, Volney Howard, John W. Pace, Moses B. Howard and John M. Knight.

One of the boss Mormons cannot be said to be the happiest man in the world, although his cup of joy is not yet emptied. He has lost one wife by elopement every four weeks for the past four months. As may be expected, he is getting sad and lonely, and if this sort of thing continues for thirteen or fourteen years he will be a single man again.

Mr. Dodge, who arrived in Washington Territory last summer from Kansas, commissioned to locate lands for an association of persons in that State, is in receipt of many letters detailing the troubles to which people there are subjected. Quite a number of those unfortunate people in Kansas are making an effort to come to Washington Territory next spring. Mr. Dodge is of opinion that some two thousand will come, many of whom will locate on lands between Puget Sound and Columbia river.

The Spanish Republic.

OMINOUS CELEBRATIONS AT SARAGOSSA AND BARCELONA.

The Republicans had a grand celebration at Saragossa on the 15th February, the city having been practically delivered into the hands of the people. The Monarchical members of the city government resigned, and their places were filled by Republicans, who were immediately installed. The political prisoners were also released. The officers of artillery resigned and surrendered their batteries to sergeants. The red flag was displayed from the Governor's residence and other places. In the evening all the public buildings were illuminated.

At Barcelona a movement similar to that of Saragossa is in progress, but not with the same success. The Monarchists resigned, but several Republicans declined to take their places in the Municipal Council. The people refuse to pay octroi duties, and goods entered the city free. The regular troops occupy strong places and strategic points, and a British squadron is anchored off the shore. Citizens are laying in a store of provisions, fearing trouble. Large crowds have surrounded certain houses which refused to illuminate and threatened the inmates with violence. The civil and military authorities have taken no action towards recognizing the new Government, and the revolutionary Committees alone have proclaimed the Republic. Certain villages in the vicinity refusing to accept it, a deputation of Republicans accompanied by a column of armed volunteers, have gone to compel their adhesion to the new order of things.

A statue of Washington has been displayed from the facade at the Town Hall in Barcelona.

It is reported that a fresh insurrection has broken out in Biscay.

The Comptroller's report for 1872 contains tabular statements of taxable property in the grand divisions of Tennessee, and a comparison with 1871. The decrease in value in East Tennessee is $594,418; in Middle Tennessee, 5,406,672, and in West Tennessee, $379,822. Total decrease in valuation, $6,680,312.

By Overland Telegraph.

EASTERN DATES TO FEBRUARY 25.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Feb 25.—Senate.—The President's Message relative to the fishing clause in the Treaty of Washington, was presented. The army appropriation bill was taken up. Several amendments reported from the committee were agreed to, including one establishing two new military posts on the line of the Northern Pacific Railroad, and amendents reducing appropriations for pay of the army and subsistence.

Recess till evening.

At the evening session, on motion of Logan, an amendment was adopted appropriating $1,000,000 for headstones for the National Cemetery.

West said the army cost about $1,000 per annum per man.

The Utah Bill was taken up, but after an Executive session, the Senate adjourned.

Cassidy submitted amendments to the American and East Indian cable telegraph bill which is still hanging on his motion to reconsider its passage. The amendment limits the privilege of laying to such rights over State shores as the Government possesses, to make the route of the cable subject to the approval of the Secretaries of State and Navy; to require the proposed telegraphic communication to be completed within five years from the passage of the act; to fix private charges at $10 per single message of ten words, exclusive of address and signature, and one dollar for each additional word; Government tolls not to exceed 75 per cent. of those charges, and provides one half of the expenditures incurred by the Government in making surveys and laying down cable, be credited on account of the United States for Government messages.

Ryo has submitted an amendment intended for miscellaneous appropriation bill. It is the Webb Australian Subsidy proposition, modified so as to provide that the existing mail service to the Sandwich Islands be extended to Australia and New Zealand, for five years at $421,000 per annum.

The Committee of Ways and Means to-day examined W. S King, postmaster of the House of Representatives, who testified that at some time during the last session of Congress Richard H. Irwin, agent of the P. M. S S Co., called upon him and solicited aid in securing an additional subsidy for the Company, which the witness gave to the full extent of his ability. The witness never received a dollar from Irwin or anybody else for his services, and did not know of any money being paid in connection with the matter to anybody—knew nobody except Irwin was in the matter.

The War Department has issued an order prohibiting the payment or allowance of rent or fuel for officers' quarters until sanctioned by more specific legislation.

Oakes Ames' Defense.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Ames in his defense of himself in the House yesterday after giving a history of the Union Pacific Railroad and of the formation of a Credit Mobilier, concluded as follows:

These, then, are my offenses: That I have risked my reputation, fortune, everything in an enterprise of unfashionable hazard to the Government, from which the capitalists of the world shrunk; that I have sought to strengthen work thus rashly undertaken, by invoking the charitable judgment of the public upon its obstacles and embarrassments; that I have lent friends—some of them in official life—with whom I have been willing to share the advantages and opportunities of my investments; that I have kept to the truth through good and evil report, denying nothing, concealing nothing, reserving nothing. What will any that I alone am to be offered as a sacrifice to appease the clamor or expiate the sins of others? Not until such offering is made, will I believe it possible, but if the body shall so order that it can be appeased by the choice of a single victim, I shall accept the mandate, appealing with unfaltering confidence to the impartial verdict of history for that vindication which it is proposed to deny me here.

The pressure in the galleries of the House this morning was not so great as that of yesterday. After reading the journal Mr. Poland rose and said that so far as the committee was concerned, it had no wish to hurry the debate, but was willing to have it continue for the rest of the session, if it so deserved, and the committee at a conference this morning decided it was best to let the House have an opportunity to determine the question. He would, therefore, to test the House, make a motion to close the debate at four o'clock this afternoon. A number of suggestions were made by different members, but the Speaker said they were a waste of time, as it was a matter within the control of the majority, and the Chairman of the committee could test the sense of the House at any time.

Voorhees took the floor, but yielded to the reading of a substitute by Ritchie, for pending resolutions. The substitute declares that while there is evidence of criminality in purchasing of Credit Mobilier stock by Ames, Brooks, Dawes, Schofield, Bingham, Kelly and Garfield, yet circumstances call for an emphatic condemnation, declaring as the sense of this body that the transaction was corrupt in its tendency, pernicious in the example, and grossly improper, and that members connected deserve severe censure.

EASTERN STATES.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Tweed gave bail in the sum of $18,000 on four of the late indictments against him. It is understood that he will be required to give bail on twelve others.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 25.—The bonds stolen from Vice President Colfax Saturday, were recovered this morning.

The New Vicar General.

NEW YORK, Feb 25.—Archbishop McCloskey has appointed Rev. Wm Quinn, of St. Peter's Church, Vicar General for the Arch Diocese of New York, in place of the late Dr. Storrs.

Of Course.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—In the Scannell murder trial today, Dr. Page, family physician of the accused, testified to his insanity.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—A Washington special says it is stated that Ames' defense was written by Poppleton, attorney of the U. P. R. R. at Omaha.

A Tribune dispatch says it is evident that neither Brooks nor Ames will be expelled. A vote of censure may be passed on all implicated, but it is more probable that the whole subject will be laid on the table. Butler, of Mass., Voorhees, and Bingham will speak to-day, and a final vote will be reached.

New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—A Columbia, S. C., dispatch says a memorial has been forwarded to the United States Senate, protesting against Pinckney Pinkerton being allowed a seat. It is extensively signed by members of the Legislature, and charges of bribery in three instances are made.

North Carolina Legislature.

At Raleigh yesterday, the White Ku-klux bill was debated in the Legislature. A Republican member caused a sensation by relating fresh details of the brutal murder of Senator John W Stephens in 1870, which were obtained by him from the sworn testimony of one of the murderers. These disclosures had a bad effect on the passage of the bill.

Family Burned to Death.

BRUNSWICK, Feb. 26.—Mrs. Washer and five children were burned to death in her house last night.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

From Madrid.

MADRID, Feb 25.—Federalists threaten an outbreak, and precautions have been taken to prevent conflicts in the streets. All public buildings and many private houses in disconcerted quarters of the city are occupied by troops. General Burgoes is in command of the militia, and has at his disposal the entire force of the guardians of the peace. The army is firm in the support of the government. Measures to ensure order have proven effective, and the city presents its usual aspect of tranquility.

Spanish Affairs

PARIS, Feb 25.—Advices from Spain received by leading bankers here, represent prospects as gloomy, and say many families are leaving the capital and principal cities.

LISBON, Feb. 26.—The King of Portugal, with Amadeus, yesterday visited the iron-clad *Montanez*, flagship of the British squadron, and lunched with Admiral Hornby.

LONDON, Feb 26.—It is rumored that General Cobello, a Carlist leader, is marching on Madrid with four battalions.

Foreign men of war are cruising off the Spanish coast to protect the subjects of their respective Governments.

Italy, Austria and a majority of the European powers maintain semi official relations with Spain pending the formation of a regular Government.

Russia is not at present disposed to recognize in any manner the present Government.

CANADA.

The Quebec Riot.

QUEBEC, Feb. 25.—The disturbances here yesterday were not so serious as reported. Only one killed, and one person seriously hurt.

The Quebec Riots.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—Quebec specials say two men were killed and several wounded in the election riots on Monday last. One of the candidates, Pelletier, narrowly escaped death. A bullet passed through his cap, and another candidate, Huot, was rescued by his friends from threatened violence. At night a lot of Hunt's fighting men who had not been paid for their work, would have wrecked his house but for the interference of the police. On the following day the Dominion artillery was posted at Booth's.

A Severe Snow Storm.

A new snow drift has cut off all communication west of Quebec. The storm ceased yesterday. It was the severest experienced for many years. Many lives, it is feared, have been lost in the country parishes.

CALI

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 27, 1873.

A Remarkable Verdict.

We apprehend all candid readers who have followed the exciting investigations of the Poland Committee, and attended to the evidence given before that body, will be a little surprised when they come to realize the character of the report of the committee. We have never been of those who expected anything like judicial fairness and fearlessness in the document that has been awaited with so much anxiety by the country. Nor do we expect those high qualities will distinguish the work of the other committees that have in hand the examination of charges of corruption made against members of Congress and Senators. Indeed, we should not have been astonished at a general acquittal of the accused members by the Poland committee, and we shall not be surprised at such a result of any other of these investigations. Not that these committees are below the average of those raised for similar purposes by the Congress and other legislation, but simply that they are presumably not above the average. Such proceedings whether in Congress or in the State Legislatures are notoriously superficial and incomplete, when they are no worse than that. Nobody who has given the slightest attention to the history of Legislative Committees, and especially such as are appointed to investigate charges against members, even expects thorough work or impartial action from such bodies. So far is this true, that the public seldom attach great importance to the conclusions of the committees. And even the Legislative bodies that appoint these committees, give little weight to their verdicts. They are simply a means of taking the evidence and bringing it before the Legislative body and the public for their independent consideration.

But this report appears to us to be a remarkable production. The Committee find that Oakes Ames sold the stock of the Credit Mobilier to the various Congressmen who were connected with these transactions, at less than half its actual value, which is doubtless true; and from this fact the Committee conclude that he intended the sales a bribe; but the Congressmen who took it—Brooks excepted—were, say the Committee, merely "seeking a good investment" of a small amount of money, and had no idea of being influenced by it in the discharge of their official duties. Were not pretend to say that these Congressmen were guilty of corruption in purchasing the stock at one-half its value. But we do say that it requires the exercise of a faculty of mind which we do not possess, to understand how the selling of the stock at one half its value proves Ames guilty of giving a bribe, while the buying it at the same price does not prove the purchasers guilty of accepting a bribe. The great value of the stock depended upon the votes of Congressmen, and Congressmen could no more consider it a "good investment" without knowing how their votes would affect it, than Oakes Ames could know it was worth twice as much as he sold it for without knowing why. The proposition that those Congressmen did not know nor take the pains to inquire what was the basis of the value of stocks they were dealing as a good investment, strikes us as exceedingly thin, and we believe the mass of the people will take the same view of the case. The natural history of that particular species of the human family known as the American politician, which embraces most of the members of Congress, does not indicate the possession of such characteristics of mind and heart as are implied in the idea that these gentlemen were imposed upon and done for by the wily Hoax. They are supposed to be men of at least ordinary common sense, and they must certainly possess some shrewdness, or they would not be in the places they now occupy. If Ames is guilty of bribing them, they are guilty of being bribed, and if they are innocent, he is likewise innocent.

It is easy to perceive that the case against Brooks may be put upon different grounds from the others. He was a Government Director of the Union Pacific Railway Company, and as such would be in a situation to augment the profits of the Credit Mobilier still further by official action as such Director. Under such circumstances the purchasing of the stock at any value—the mere fact of owning it—was a just ground of criticism. And he so understood it, or his ownership would not have been covered up by the name of another person.

The St. Paul *Press* of February 2d publishes full and circumstantial accounts of the trial of the cause of Fannie F. Dodge vs Ossian E. Dodge. The suit for possession of the young Dodges came before Judge Hall on the 1st inst. An addendum to the narration of Mrs. Dodge's grievances recites:

"That the defendant is an avowed infidel and a disbeliever in the Bible and its precepts and teachings, and an ardent admirer and personal friend of George Francis Train, who is a most blasphemous infidel. That defendant is a most blasphemous and profane man, speaking of the most sacred things in a way unfit for any person to hear."

Mrs. Dodge exhibited her family skeletons with great *empressement*, to the intense delight of a large audience. Judge Hall ordered that the defendant retain the custody of the children; that Mrs. D. be allowed $10 per week for personal support until the suit is finally determined, and $300 for attorney's fees. He remarked that he would have been disposed to make the allowance greater were it not for the course plaintiff had pursued, and animadverted in severe terms upon the fact that the plaintiff had, since the separation, covertly contracted bills at different stores amounting to over $500. The scandal is attracting considerable attention throughout Minnesota, and Ossian's allegation that he is a slandered individual has many supporters.

The Indiana Legislature, it seems, has tired of the unenviable reputation that has hitherto attached to the divorce-system of that State. By a recent act, the legal causes for divorce have been reduced in number to seven. The principal grounds now are; habitual drunkenness for three years; failure of the husband to provide for his wife for two years; abandonment for three years; cruel and inhuman treatment; and conviction of an infamous crime. The party suing must prove a two-years' continuous residence within the State, and in all cases where it can be proven that no notices, other than those published in newspapers, have been given, suits may be recommenced, and judgment set aside. So Indiana is no longer the Elysium of dissatisfied divorce seekers.

A personal item in the San Francisco *Call* says that Mrs. Corbett, wife of Senator Corbett, of Oregon, Mrs. Edmunds, wife of Senator Edmunds, and the wife of Judge Field, have engaged passage for Europe in March.

The Ill They Complain Of.

Under the above caption the *Bulletin* performs one of the boldest pieces of juggling in the interest of the railway monopoly that has ever appeared in that or any other of the railway organs, not even excepting its concealment of the truth in regard to special grain rates in its freight articles published a week or so ago. We allude to an editorial article which appeared in yesterday's *Bulletin* and from which we quote the following:

A farmer of Paxton, Illinois, sent 160 bushels of potatoes to Chicago, and received in return $1d 10 as his share of their value in the market, which was $60. The remainder was consumed by those twin giants, freight and commissions. He thinks the "middleman" stands too far toward the other end, the local paper remarks in its report of the case. Certainly every reasonable person will agree that the producer's proportion of the sale money was aggravatingly small, and we cannot wonder at the feeling which is rapidly developing in the States eastward on the part of producers against transportation companies and middlemen when we contemplate cases like this one just stated. The producers of Oregon suffer no such exhausting drains upon the prices of their products. The bushel of wheat which is sold for one dollar here nets the farmer fully seventy-five cents, if not from five to ten cents more—freights, commissions, storage, and all other charges included. Here it would be viewed as an insufferable extortion if so much as one half of the selling price were to be eaten up by the charges upon produce, while in the States eastward it not seldom happens that it costs from one-half to four-fifths of the sum finally realized by sales to defray the expenses of transportation, warehousing, drayage and commission.

The intention of this article is to hoodwink the farmers of Oregon into the belief that they suffer no extortion at the hands of the railway company. The bushel of wheat is adroitly introduced to show that our producers receive seventy-five cents or more over and above freights, commissions, storage, and all other charges, on each dollar their produce sells for. But the whole thing is a trick of words and a fraud.

Let us compare potatoes with potatoes, and see what the enormous advantage in favor of the Oregon farmer amounts to. In Illinois 160 bushels of potatoes sold for $60. That was 37½ cents per bushel. The "freights and commission," the use the *Bulletin's* words, consumed all of this except 6¼ cents per bushel, which was the net return to the farmer. The town of Paxton whence these potatoes were shipped, is in Ford county, 98 miles from Chicago. Suppose these potatoes had been shipped from Halsey to Portland, the same distance, how would the account stand? In the same number of the *Bulletin* in which this article appeared, potatoes are quoted in Portland at "35 to 40 cents" per bushel. These are jobbing prices—that is, the prices at which those who purchase from the producers sell to the retailers. The outside prices that would be paid to the farmer, under these quotations, would be from 32 to 30 cents. Allow 35 cents for the average quality—which is higher than the *Bulletin's* quotations will justify. We find on referring to the Oregon Railroad Company's official tariff that potatoes, in less than car loads, are charged as third class freight, the charge for which is, from Halsey to Portland, 42 cents per 100 pounds. In this State 60 pounds of potatoes are reckoned as a bushel. The freight alone from Halsey is, therefore, 25 1-5 cents per bushel, leaving only 9 4-5 cents per bushel, out of which the further charge mentioned by the *Bulletin*, for commission, is to be deducted before the farmer gets his returns. We have taken some pains to inquire, and are informed that commissions would be about 3½ cents per bushel. This would leave 6 3-10 cents net for the Oregon farmers, just one-fifth of a cent on a bushel less than the Illinois farmer received. The *Bulletin's* statement comes to this: "The present charges on freight in Oregon are most reasonable and even generous to the producer, but if they were reduced one-fifth of a cent per bushel per 100 miles, "it would be viewed as an insufferable extortion." We submit that the *Bulletin* draws it pretty fine. The difference on potatoes is not enough to brag on either way, though what difference there is isagainst the Oregon farmer. But when we consider that on one staple article, wheat, the Eastern farmer has the benefit of rates so greatly below ours, as we have heretofore shown, it appears that our railway freights are just what the *Bulletin* declares these lower rates in Illinois are: "an insufferable extortion."

Professor Louis Agassiz is likely to prove a troublesome foe to the followers of Darwin. In a paper on "Three Different Modes of Teething Among Saludrians," read a short time since before the National Academy of Science, this eminent naturalist spoke of "the endless series of anachronisms which were made by the supporters of the transmutation doctrine." He also characterized it as a "mire of mere assertion." In an account of his recent voyage of discovery in the *Hassler*, the Professor announced a glacial theory "which," he said, "would not, probably, be accepted for many years; it was that all our mountains below eleven thousand feet had been scored over by the great sea of ice; that the whole range of the Rocky Mountains had been under ice, with only a few prominent peaks, perhaps, rising above the fields of ice; that the great ice-sheet could not have been less than ten or twelve thousand feet thick, and might have been thicker." The Professor said that in the Andes he had observed signs of glacial movements at an altitude of twelve thousand feet.

Amid the exausting labors of legislation, New Jersey Solons can yet find time to double in archæology, physics, theology and aesthetics. The individual who may suppose that the constrictive powers of Utica could repress their noble zeal is sadly in error. Rather, they listen with favor to a resolution offered by Mr. Gaede, instructing the Sergeant-at-Arms to furnish each member with twenty copies of Tyndall's lectures on "Light and Heat," Doctor Bellows's "Is there a God?" and Wendell Phillips on "The Lost Arts," besides addresses by Beecher, Fields and Train. With marked sagacity they have provided that the work of education should begin just where it is often most needed: in the Legislature. We will hope that the far West may catch some refracted beams of the great sunburst of intelligence.

The importance of a system of thorough ventilation for public halls where large audiences are accustomed to assemble has never been demonstrated more satisfactorily than by the recent experiments of Herr Aubert, a noted German physicist. The tests were made in an air-tight chamber in which the subject was seated and through which a current of air, deprived of carbonic acid, steadily passes. Bulbed tubes, containing a solution of a salt barium, received the air as it left the chamber and thus the exact amount of carbonic acid given out by the subject was estimated. Herr Aubert announces, as the result of his experiments, that in twenty-four hours there are exhaled from the body of a full grown man through the skin, no less than sixty-two grains of the destructive acid.

Report of the Wilson Committee.

Below will be found a summary of the report of the committee appointed by the House to inquire into the workings of the Union Pacific Railway. It will be noticed that the committee say they have found evidence of fraud sufficient to justify the United States in taking possession of the road and declaring all its franchises forfeited:

The report of the Wilson committee enters elaborately into the history of the Union Pacific Railroad. It says the act incorporating it was not passed to further the personal interests of the corporators, nor on evidence the public alone, but in addition to these for the interest of the present and future of the Government, and such were to be subserved. The committee also give a history of the Credit Mobilier. Speaking of the Hoxie contract, they say the railroad interests were disregarded. The committee denounce the distribution of the capital of the company and bonds of the road in dividends, and say this division of its substance so weakened it as to make its control by capitalists and powerful corporations easy. The committee say they labored under a disadvantage in getting evidence. General Dodge, former Chief Engineer of the road, could not be found. John J. Cisco, former Treasurer, was unable to attend on account of sickness; General Dix, former President, on account of his executive duties. The committee think the facts shown would furnish ground for judgment of forfeiture of all the franchises of the corporation, but it would be harsh and unjust to forfeit the right of the present stockholders—a large majority of whom have bought stocks in good faith in the market—for the wrong doing of their predecessors. The committee put the cost of the road in round numbers at $50,000,000, which was wholly reimbursed from the proceeds of the Government bonds and the first mortgage bonds; while as proceeds of the stock in income bonds and land grant bonds the builders received in cash valued at least $23,000,000 as profit, being a per centage of about 48 per cent. on the entire cost.

The report concludes with an expression of opinion that the Government can and should institute suits to compel the corporation to fulfill its trusts and obligations to the Government, and give security for the performance of further obligations. The committee find that there are persons holding first mortgage bonds of the company who did not buy them in good faith, at par, and procured them illegally, in dividends on the Credit Mobilier; but the committee don't recommend the United States to refuse to pay those bonds, as it would work injustice to many innocent holders. The committee make no recommendation in regard to members of Congress who hold Mobilier stock. The report is signed by Wilson, Shellabarger and Bloomn. Swann submitted a dissent from the report, in so much as it makes no recommendation in relation to members of Congress implicated in the Credit Mobilier. The committee close by submitting a bill directing the Attorney-General to cause suits in equity against the Union Pacific and all persons who may have received capital stock or dividends not paid for in full in money.

Letter From Oregon City.

OREGON CITY, Feb. 26, 1873.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

The sounds of busy labor once more greet the ears of the citizens of this village much to their gratification. Carpenters, stone masons and teamsters are busily engaged in the reconstruction of the woolen factory, and, should the clerk of the weather be disposed to second their efforts, we hope soon again to listen to the buzz and hum of the spinning wheel. But for the little *Calliope*, we should have little evidence that so large a sum as $500,000 had lately been expended on so important and great an enterprise as the construction of the canal and locks. But "Rome was not built in a day," and it takes time to build and equip steamboats. Much sympathy is expressed here for the Company in the loss of the *Enterprise* on the Umpqua Bar. As it is, on the *Annie Stewart* and *Governor Grover* the opposition have foemen worthy of their steel (steam?).

From steamboats to railroads a natural transition. In yesterday's *Bulletin* the Clackamas county subscribers to that paper are informed in the editorial columns, under the head of "Refusal to Pay Taxes," that the Central Pacific Railroad Company has refused to pay its taxes in the State of California; and the *Bulletin* considers this refusal as "about the meanest thing yet reported." It is an old saying that what is sauce for the goose may, with perfect consistency, be considered a suitable article of diet to the gander. Now Clackamas county tax-payers have the same grievance for similar reasons against the O. & C. R. R. Co., only perhaps a little more so, for it is a fact that this company received the right of way as a gift through the county, with very few exceptions, and these simply because the property was held in trust for minor heirs, and, in addition, Clackamas county tax-payers came out liberally with a subscription of several thousand dollars to aid the Company; but now said company refuses to pay generous Clackamas county its taxes on railroad property, and has brought suit to restrain the proper officers from collecting the same, as per papers and documents now in the possession of the County Clerk. The railroad organ may rest assured, that Clackamas county tax-payers consider "the reason alleged," "is a sorry plea," "without sense or justice;" and the refusal to pay taxes under such circumstances is "about the meanest thing yet reported;" but we suppose "the case will go to the Courts."

CLACKAMAS.

A Washington dispatch of the 20th inst. says that Congress has passed a bill authorizing the President to invite the International Statistical Congress to hold its next meeting in the United States.

Appleton's Journal quotes the London *Lancet* as saying that night-work is not injurious to adults, certain conditions being observed, the principal of which are that the hours of sleep should not be curtailed, and that the light should be white, powerful and steady, and concentrated by a shade on the work. Brain-irritation is frequently caused by an insufficient, flickering, or too-diffused light. The recommendation that stimulants, in moderate quantities, including tobacco, to those with whom it agrees, be used by night-workers is a direct attack upon certain old theories.

Perhaps we are to have a resumption of specie payments by the 1st of January. At any rate, that is the day fixed upon by the House Committee on Banks and Banking. No special method has been adopted. It looks after all as though our reams of discursive essays on Resumption are to come to naught. "The best way to resume is—to resume," and Congress will doubtless adopt the best way.

In answer to a petition, Congress on the 20th passed a bill donating to the Army of the Cumberland eighty-eight pieces of condemned bronze cannon for an equestrian statue to General Thomas. A similar bill asking for twenty-five pieces to be given to the Pennsylvania State Association of Washington for a statue to Thaddeus Stevens was recommitted.

The annual boat race between Oxford and Cambridge will take place on March 29th.

Since Napoleon's death, country physicians are going crazy over the cases of embolism developed throughout the land. Last week in Ohio, a young lady died from what a round-headed old doctor said was "heart klot or embyolism of the main flue of the hart;" but she revived in an hour, and it was found had been temporarily choked by a chew of gum which she had swallowed.

William the Fifth, King of England de jure, is dead. His name was simply William R. B. Grasse, and he died in New York last week, like "common folk," but he claimed to be the last of the royal race of Stuarts, son of the Pretender, Prince Charles Edward, and he considered himself a much abused individual, as he was a real bloody king, but could never get his grip on a sceptre or know just how uneasy lay the head that wore a crown.

FISH, FLESH AND FOWL!

QUINN,
AT THE
UNION MARKET,
Washington st., east of Second,

Will provide anything in the way of FISH, GAME, CLAMS, OYSTERS and POULTRY, at prices to accommodate the purest in the land.

NEW TO-DAY.

Correspondence.

PORTLAND, Feb. 20, 1873.

MR. STEPHEN MAYBELL—Sir: Having learned of your intention to depart for the East we take this method of expressing a desire that before doing so you will give a farewell entertainment, consisting of original and selected readings. We therefore tender you a Complimentary Benefit, to be given at your early convenience.

Matthew P Deady	J Henderson	H Y Thompson
John Dolan	Alex Campbell	R L Durham
O N Denny	John Holton	G H Clarke
H B Taylor	N A Hirstel,	T N Lakin
T Patterson	J O Carroll	J K Gill
O B Gibson	D F Harrington	James B Upton
Chas Newell	A S Gross	C B Bellinger
J F Caples	A Legrand	Sylvester Pennoyer
J B Cardwell	Henry Weber	D Goodsell
W H Killagor	Mark A. King	Wm Burrell
C A Dolph	V Cook	D W Whitefield
E C Bronaugh	Eugene Semple	F Dekum
Joseph Simon	W Lair Hill	Dan Holton
D J Malarkey	H L Pittock	C W Knowles
G A Steele	Ed Wilcox	W J Vanschuyver
G L DePrans	Levi Anderson	Chas Hirstel
E C Brigham	H W Scott	J N Dickenson
Mrs A J Dunlway	O P Mason	S J McCormick
J N Dolph	J C Moreland	Otto Truer
Jos Buchtel	Andrew Hill	W T R Nicholson
T Burmester	E A Cronin	S G Skidmore
R J Ladd	D W Pochlehner	J M King
H G Whitehouse	G H Darkins	C H Dexter
Presley Denny		

PORTLAND, Feb. 20, 1873.

To Matthew P. Deady, Eugene Semple, and others:

Hastening to accept your kind invitation, full with appreciation of the honor that will be conferred upon me by your presence on the auspicious occasion, I would humbly submit SATURDAY EVENING, March 1st, at Ore Fino Hall, where I will deliver an entertainment consisting of Funeral Rhymes.

The following obscure, though, I assure you, extraordinary persons, have kindly volunteered to assist me during the fracas: The Hon. William Shige, Jim O'Hare, Father Foy, a Bridge Speculator, and others. In lieu of the usual orchestral accompaniment, an Old Lady has kindly volunteered to toot her horn.

Thankly hoping the hall may be crowded, I remain, yours sincerely,

STEPHEN MAYBELL.

RISDON
Iron and Locomotive Works!
Cor. Beal & Howard
POSTOFFICE BOX 1,615.....SAN FRANCISCO

GENERAL FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS, ENGINE AND BOILER MAKERS.

Special attention given to Hoisting Works.

Contracts Taken to Build and Erect Quartz Mills, Hoisting Works, and Steamboats, (Carpenter work and Engines complete.)

The only Foundry on the Pacific coast where PROPERLY CHILLED CAR-WHEELS ARE MADE; for Railroad or Mining Uses. Wheels made of car metal will outlast ten of the usual car wheels.

HYDRAULIC AND WATER-PIPE MADE FOR ANY SIZE OR PRESSURE. Contracts made to build and lay if desired.

This firm have made the principle pipe undertaking in California, and can refer to them if required.

feb27d3m3p JOSEPH MOORE, Superintendent.

Office of the
LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA.

St. Louis, February 10, 1873.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH SEC. 5, OF THE AMENDED Charter of the Life Association of America, approved September 30, 1872, there will be an election for members of the General Board of Directors, at the office of the Association in St. Louis, Mo., on Tuesday, the 18th day of March, 1873.

Polls open from 11 A. M. to 3 P. M.

JAS. H. BRITTON, President.
J. S. PIRSON, Secretary. feb27dlawim18

GRAND JUVENILE CONCERT!
By 300 Voices
From the
PRIMARY DEPARTMENT OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS,
At High School Hall,
On Friday Evening, Feb. 28, 1873.

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF PROF. McGIBNEY with Prof. VARNDLEY, Pianist, and Prof. SEELAR, Leader of Orchestra. Proceeds to be used for the purchase of Musical Instruments for the Schools.

Concert to commence at 7 o'clock.

f27dt Tickets, 50 cts; Children, 25 cts.

To Loan!
$1,000 Coin for one year.
$2,000 Coin for one year.
$3,500 Currency for one year.

All the above amounts to be loaned on first-class City Property. ATHINSON, WOODWARD & CO.

To Rent,

TWO COTTAGE HOUSES, NEARLY NEW, FRONTing east, with good well. For particulars enquire of E. L. STONE, or FERRY, WOODWARD & CO.

For Sale,
AT A DISCOUNT!

STOCK IN THE SOUTH PORTLAND REAL ESTATE Association. Enquire of

f26d1w PUT SMITH, Broker.

Bankrupt Sale
Of the entire stock of
Groceries, Produce,
STORE FIXTURES, ETC.,
Of R. Pittock, Bankrupt.

I will sell on the premises,

No. 120 Front street.

By order of the United States District Court,

ON FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28th, 1873,
At 10 o'clock, A. M.,

Groceries, Produce and Store Fixtures,
viz:
LIVERPOOL SALT, COFFEE, SUGAR, CANDLES, BACON HAMS, LARD, SOAP, YEAST POWDER, CREAM TARTER, SALERATUS, TWINE, RICE, POTATOES, APPLES, etc., etc.

J. J. HENDERSON, Register.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

MATZOTH! MATZOTH!

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the Israelites of Portland and country, that he is prepared to make engagements for the delivery of

First Class Matzoth
AT THE
COMING PASSOVER FESTIVAL.

I. BLUM & CO.
feb25d1m Cor. Second and Oak Streets.

SEAMEN WANTED.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—ABLE-BODIED SEAmen to join the British ships ILIONA, VICTORIA CROSS, and HARALD SCOTT, bound for the United Kingdom.

Wages, $40.00 per Month!

(Paid off at £8) and $40 to $60 advance. Apply to JOHN WILSON, British Vice Consul, f22d3t at Howett, Wilson & Co's.

Portland Box Factory
CORNER FIRST AND B STREETS,
JOHN HARLOW, Prop'r,

ORDERS FOR BOXES OF ALL KINDS PROMPTLY attended to.

Improved machinery lately introduced, and WORK GUARANTEED. f4d1m

Lost.

AT MASONIC HALL, ON FRIDAY EVENING, 21st inst., a large HAIR CROSS, linked with gold. A liberal reward will be paid for its delivery at B. L. STONE'S Jewelry Store, No. 111 First street. f24d1t

Amusements.

A Grand
VOCAL & INSTRUMENTAL
CONCERT!
For the Benefit of the
Young Men's Christian Associat'n,
Will be Given at the
MASONIC HALL,
On Wednesday Even'g, Feb. 26, 1873.
Under the direction of Mr. J. B. WYATT.

Programme:

Part First.

1. QUARTETTE—"The Gay Pilgrim"
2. DUETT—"Drift My Bark." Kuhlau.
3. VIOLIN and PIANO DUET—"Il Trovatore."

Singalee.

4. SOLO—"The Village Blacksmith." J. L. Hatton.
5. READING—"Lazarus and Mary." N. P. Willis.
6. QUARTETTE—"The Boatman." J. W. Hallwodo.

Part Second.

1. QUARTETTE—"Three Chafers." H. Truhn.
2. PIANO and ORGAN DUET—"Grand Polonaise." Gustav Biesmer.
3. SOLO—"Tender and True." Lyle.
4. DUETT—"Vieni al mio cor." Millard.
5. SOLO—"First Violet." Mendelssohn.
6. QUARTETTE—"Protect Us thro' the Coming Night." Curaelman.

ADMISSION.....$1 00

Concert will begin at 8 o'clock. Reserved seats can be had at Gray's Music Store, without extra charge.

GRAND CONCERT AND BALL!
Will be given
AT THE SKATING RINK,
IN
BAKER POST, NO 1, G. A. R.,
March 4, 1873,

FOR THE PURPOSE OF RAISING FUNDS TO DEfray the expenses on Decoration Day, May 30, 1873.

The Concert will be conducted by J. B. WYATT, assisted by GEORGE L. DEPRANS, and others favorably known to the public.

The TWENTY-FIRST U. S. INFANTRY BAND have kindly volunteered for the occasion.

EIGHTEEN PIECES FOR COTILLION MUSIC.

ROOM FOR FORTY SETS to dance at one time.

Steinway Grand Piano furnished by Gray's Music Store.

Programme will be published in due time.

f16 By order of COMMITTEE.

CARDINELL'S
Dancing Academy!
ASH STREET BET. FRONT & FIRST.
ROOM FOR MORE SCHOLARS.

BRAY & PARROT
Furnish
Brass & String Music
FOR BALLS, PARTIES, etc., at low rates.

LESSONS GIVEN ON THE VIOLIN, PIANO AND CORNET. Leave orders at Gray's or Sinsheimer's music stores, or with W. A. Hart, at American Exchange.

OUT OF THE FIRE!
S. J. McCORMICK,

IS HAPPY TO INFORM HIS NUMEROUS FRIENDS, Patrons, and the public in general, that he has

Re-Opened
THE FRANKLIN BOOK STORE!
AT
19 First Street,
(NEXT TO CENTRAL MARKET)

With a complete stock of
School Books,
Stationery,
Blank Books,
Gold Pens,
Cutlery, &c., &c.

Which he will dispose of at
THE LOWEST PRICES!

Subscriptions Received
For all the popular
NEWSPAPERS AND MAGAZINES!
Which will be
DELIVERED IN ANY PART OF THE CITY.

Jan25dlm

L. KIERNAN,
Has opened a Depot for the sale of
SHRUBBERY!
GREEN-HOUSE PLANTS,
Fruit and Ornamental Trees!
Flowers, Bulbs,
RHUBARB & ASPARAGUS ROOTS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
Under Theater Building.

To Ticket Holders.

THOSE HOLDING TICKETS OF THE FOLLOWING numbers are requested to call at G. A. BURCHARDT'S, corner of Stark and First streets, and present tickets and claim prizes. All prizes remaining on hand after March 1st will be disposed of as the German Aid Society may deem proper:

Tickets.	Prizes.	Tickets.	Prizes.
1815	21	994	142
199	23	408	150
1285	24	425	172
176	29	685	180
921	47	1335	198
124	57	1840	216
1709	60	1540	227
3107	85	674	238
2059	100	1090	251
1763	109	283	262
1359	133	588	279

GOLD,
VELVET,
SATIN,
AND OTHER
WALL PAPER,
Window Shades,
Etc., Etc.—for sale by
GEORGE L. STORY
45 Front Street.

G. NEIMEYER,
Fashionable Tailor!
THIRD ST., BET. ALDER AND MORRISON.

ALL GOODS IMPORTED DIRECT FROM EUROPE.

Suits Cut according to Latest Fashions.

EXAMINE THE STOCK.

St. Helen's Hall.
THE SECOND TERM
OF THIS SCHOOL YEAR will begin on the
First of February.
jl6d4w Edwin

Tomato Catsup.

SHERMAN'S FAMOUS OREGON CATSUP, BY THE gallon, at
f20d1m THE GEM.

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.
Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAMship
AJAX
FRED. BOLLES.....Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F Street, for the above port

TUESDAY, MARCH 4th, 1873,
At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front Streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Port Townsend, San Juan, Fd. Tongas, Ft. Wrangle, Nanaimo, Victoria and Sitka.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propeller
GUSSIE TELFAIR,
JOHN HAYES.....Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F Street, for the above ports

Victoria, Nanaimo and Sitka freight must be cleared before 12 o'clock, A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front Street.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For San Juan, Nanaimo and Sitka.
Carrying the United States Mail.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propeller
GEO. S. WRIGHT,
T. J. AINSLEY.....Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F Street, for the above ports, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1873,
At 4 o'clock, P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

NOTICE.
Office of Oregon Steamship Company,
Portland, July 11, 1872.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE THE STEAMERS of the Oregon Steamship Company will carry no passengers from Astoria to Portland.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

Boots & Shoes.

PACIFIC
BOOT & SHOE STORE
S. W. CORNER FIRST AND MORRISON STS.

GEO. A. PEASE,
Successor to
PROTZMAN, GILLIHAN & CO.,
Fits! Fits!! Fits!!
GIVE THEM FITS!
WE CAN FIT YOUR FEET AND FIT YOUR POCKETS.
That's What's the Matter!
BROWN & CO.,
Morrison st., near First.

ANATOMICAL BOOTMAKERS,

ARE IMPORTING, DIRECT FROM FRANCE, THE following named "LAST" brands of French Calfskin, to-wit: "Lemoine," "Idoit, Cornelien & Saltett, the reputation for excellence of which is world-wide and needs no comment. We have just engaged FIVE ADDITIONAL FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN, and flatter ourselves that our facilities for making the VERY BEST CUSTOM WORK are unsurpassed by any firm on the Pacific coast.

BARR & KINGSLEY.
Have opened a FULL STOCK of
Boots and Shoes
AT
No. 135 First St.

Millinery Goods.

P. VAN FRIDACH,
FRENCH MILLINERY & DRY GOODS STORE,
No. 79 First Street,
DEKUM'S BUILDING.

LAIDLAW & GATE,
Importers and Commission Merchants,
28 Front Street,
Offer for Sale
CALCUTTA DOUBLE SEWED GUNNY SACKS.
GILROY'S 22x36 GRAIN BAGS.
LEA & PERRIN'S
Worcestershire Sauce.
Pints and Half Pints.

MALT LIQUORS.

DEVENISH CHAMPAGNE ALE,
ARROL'S INDIA PALE ALE,
BYASS' LONDON PORTER,
GUINNESS' DUBLIN STOUT.

WINES.

PORT—In octaves,
SHERRY—In octaves.

WHISKY.

LOCHRUAN CAMPBELTON SCOTCH—In ¼ casks,
J. J. SEDGWICK & CO.'s VIRGINIA RYE—In ¼ cks,
J. BUMGARDNER'S OLD RYE—In ¼ casks and cases.

OTHER GOODS.

PEORIA STARCH,
J. W. WISE & CO.'S VIRGINIA TOBACCO,
NO. 1 GENUINE PATNA RICE,
STARCH—Refined, Satin Glaze and Corn in bxs and crts.,
LARD and MACHINERY OILS—In bbls and cases,
WOOLWORTH'S AXE HANDLES,
STANDARD SOAP CO.'S CHEMICAL OLIVE ERASIVE, Erasive Palo, Pacific C. O., and Cool Water Bleaching;

BEST AND TOILET SOAPS.
ALSO
Florida Water.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF ENGLISH GOODS!
Shortly to arrive.

Liberal Advances made on Consignments
Of Wheat, Flour and other Produce.
ORDERS FOR FOREIGN MERCHANDISE
Executed on Advantageous Terms.

LUMBER! LUMBER!
ST. HELENS MILL COMPANY,
FRONT, bet. YAMHILL AND TAYLOR.
(Office at Tuttle's Agricultural Implement Depot,)
ORDERS RECEIVED AND PROMPTLY FILLED.

OUR YARDS AT FOOT OF YAMHILL AND AT THE corner of Sixth and Alder, are again well supplied with all kinds of
Dressed and Undressed Lumber.
A GOOD STOCK OF SEASONED FLOORING ON HAND

THE ST. NICHOLAS,
WASHINGTON ST. (NORTH SIDE) BETWEEN FRONT AND FIRST.
I. LONGSTREET, Prop'r.

THE MOST ELEGANTLY FURNISHED SALOON in the city. Handsome Parlors, Elegant Bar and Rooms, where Oysters and all other delicacies are served. Just the place to drop in. f16

Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER
Corner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES.

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

aug29 A. B. RICHARDSON, Auct.

At Private Sale,
Large assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS. To parties declining Housekeeping I will receive and will Purchase Second-Hand Furniture.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auct.

Regular and Peremptory Sale
OF
Groceries, Dry Goods, Furniture,
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, ETC.

I will sell at my Auction Sales-room,

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1873,
At 10 o'clock, A. M.

Groceries:
187 bxs C. O. SOAP,
50 bxs MARINE SOAP,
50 bxs BATH SOAP.

ALSO,
38 hgs No. 2 ISLAND SUGAR,
25 sks LIVERPOOL SALT,
50 chests JAPAN TEA.

ALSO,
10 gross SAFETY MATCHES,
240 lbs BARBOUR'S SHOE THREAD.

ALSO,
One Piano!

ALSO,
1 ELEGANT WALNUT BEDROOM SET, Marble tops,
1 COTTAGE WALNUT BEDROOM SET.

ALSO,
1 AMERICAN HORSE.

ALSO,
Parlor, Dining-room and Kitchen Furniture.
A. B. RICHARDSON Auctioneer.

Fire Insurance.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
The California Lloyds
ESTABLISHED IN.....18
NOS. 416 AND 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
Cash Capital.....$750,000
Assets Exceed.....$1,000,000
FAIR RATES,
PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF LOSSES,
SOLID SECURITY.

HENRY FAILING,
Resident Director at Portland, O.
EDWIN D. BACHE SMITH,
General Agent.

HOME
MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE
Capital.... $1,000,000
JOHN H. REDINGTON.....President
GEO. H. HOWARD.....Vice President
CHAS. R. STORY.....Secretary
N. B. EDDY.....Marine Secretary
H. H. HIGELOW.....General Manager

DIRECTORS:
Oregon Branch.
PORTLAND—P. Wasserman, C. H. Lewis, R. Sadler, D. Maclay, Lloyd Brooke.
SALEM.....L. F. Grover
ALBANY.....J. A. Chapman
DALLES.....D. M. Thompson
LEWISTON.....J. L. Sweek
HAMILTON BOYD,
Agent for Oregon and Washington Ter'y.

SADDLERY.

J. B. CONGLE
78 Front Street.
Saddlery-Hardware
Saddles, Bridles,
WHIPS AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

SOLE AGENT FOR GUTTA PERCHA AND CARBOLIZED HOSE, which is for sale at San Francisco prices with freight added.

REPAIRING promptly attended to.

WELCH & MORGAN
Cor. Yamhill & Front St.
Manufacturers and Importers of
SADDLES, HARNESS
KENNEY'S GENUINE
SANTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER
ALSO
Hill's Concord Team, Stage and Buggy Whips.

We warrant all articles, which we sell at San Francisco RATES.

Agency for the Sale of
W. W. HARDIN
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS
AND
FAMILY BIBLES
THE FINEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD
AT PUBLISHERS' PRICES.
JOHN C. HODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Stationers,
327, 329 and 331 Sansome st.,
f17 SAN FRANCISCO.

C. S. STIVER
No. 136 First street,

IS IN RECEIPT OF A GENERA

uction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
UCTIONEER
orner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES
AL ESTATE, GROCERIES GENERAL
CHANDISE AND HORSES

Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

At Private Sale.
ge assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS
RAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS
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A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

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OF
Groceries, Dry Goods,
Furniture.
ERAL MERCHANDISE, ETC.

I will sell at my Auction Sales-room,
NESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1873
At 10 o'clock, A M
Groceries:
bxs C C SOAP,
bxs MARINE SOAP
bxs BATH SOAP
ALSO
kgs No 8 ISLAND SUGAR,
kegs LIVERPOOL SALT,
chests JAPAN TEA
ALSO,
gross SAFETY MATCHES,
lbs BARBOUR'S SHOE THREAD
ALSO,
One Piano!
ALSO,
RGANT WALNUT BEDROOM SET, Marble Tops
1 COTTAGE WALNUT BEDROOM SET
ALSO,
1 AMERICAN HORSE.
ALSO,
arlor,
Dining-room and
Kitchen Furniture.
A. B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

Fire Insurance.
E AND MARINE INSURANCE
UNION
surance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
The California Lloyds,
TABLISHED IN- ... ... 1861.
NOS. 418 AND 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
h Capital.... ... $750,000 gold
ts Exceed ... $1,000,000 coin
RATES,
PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF LOSSES,
SOLID SECURITY.
HENRY FAILING,
dent Director at Portland, Oregon.
EDWIN D. BACKENSTOS,
General Agent.
HOME
TUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
E AND MARINE INSURANCE.
pital $1,000,000
H. REDINGTON..... ... ... President.
H. HOWARD..... ... ... Vice President
R. STORY..... ... ... Secretary.
EDDY..... ... ... Marine Secretary.
BIGELOW ... ... General Manager.
DIRECTORS:
Oregon Branch.
RTLAND P. Wasserman, C. H. Lewis, B. Goldsmith,
D Markley, Lloyd Brooks.
EM ... ... L F Grover.
ANT. ... ... A Crawford.
LER ... ... D M French.
ISTON ... ... J Loewenberg.
HAMILTON BOYD,
Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory
SADDLERY.
J. B. CONGLE,
78 Front Street.
addlery - Hardware,
Saddles, Bridles,
HIPS AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
LE AGENT FOR GUTTA PERCHA AND RUBBER
CALOLIZED HORSE, which is for sale at San Fran
prices with freight added.
PAIRING promptly attended to.
ELCH & MORGAN,
Cor. Yamhill & Front Sts
Manufacturers and Importers of
DDLES, HARNESS.
KERBY'S GENUINE
NTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER
ALSO
ll's Concord Team, Stage and Buggy Harness.
We warrant all articles, which we sell at LOWEST
Agency for the Sale of
W. HARDING'S
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS
AND
AMILY BIBLES.
HE FINEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD.
AT PUBLISHERS' PRICES.
JOHN C. HODGE & CO.,
orters and Wholesale Stationers,
27, 329 and 331 Sansome street,
SAN FRANCISCO 1m29
C. S. SILVERT,
No. 136 First Street,
IN RECEIPT OF A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
chandise, consisting in part of
CK AND COLORED ALPACCA
MPRESS CLOTH,
PLAIN and TWILLED END FLANNEL,
WHITE FLANNEL,
FAMILY BLANKETS. BED COMFORTS,
OTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.
HATS and CAPS,
MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING and
UNDERWEAR, etc., etc.
of which will be sold
Cheap for Cash.
ase call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
SOLOMON. J. LOEWENBERG.
OLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,
[Successors to FREIDMAN & CO.]
28 Front St., O. S. N. Co's Block,
Importers and Dealers in
TOVES, METALS,
AND
TINMEN'S STOCK.
AGENCY FOR
TON & M'FARLAND'S SAFES.
J. FRED MILLER,
ACTICAL BOOK-BINDER.
ner First and Ash sts., over Smith's Drug Store
BANK BOOKS MADE TO ORDER OF THE LARGE
extra fine ledger paper, with or without printed
ing. Book Edges marbled. Paper ruled to any pat
Music Books, Periodicals Magazines, and all other
bound in the best style and at the lowest living

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 27, 1873

CITY.

DECORATION OF THE RINK —Preparations of an extensive character are being made by the members of Baker Post, G A R, in anticipation of the coming ball to be given at the Skating Rink The interior of the large and spacious building will be decorated with appropriate military emblems in the most attractive and impressing manner cultivated tastes may suggest Two large pyramid tents 14 feet square at the base, and 19 feet high, will be stretched in the two corners at the eastern or front end of the building The pavilion can be seen at a glance by the entering guests, to the right and left hand Around each of the tents will be stacked four stand of arms On each side of the eastern entrance, two brass field pieces—12 pound howitzers —will be planted, mounted, in readiness for action, and pointing toward the rear end of the building The sides of the Rink will be handsomely decorated with a profusion of flags, hung in folds No evergreens will be used in the decoration of the room Overhead, the chandeliers are to be tastely ornamented with narrow stripes of beautifully colored tissue paper, ingeniously cut, and representing the three national hues—red, white and blue There will be several hundred feet of these strips, which will be loosely stretched from each of the numerous gas jets, crossing in many places at every imaginable angle. Above the stages, erected at each end of the Rink, will be suspended large five pointed stars, five feet in diameter. These stars consist of a slender wooden frame, over which is stretched several thicknesses of variously hued tissue paper. Behind each of these stars, a strong gas burner will be placed The light feebly penetrating the translucent paper will bring out in bold relief the different colors, and cause the outlines of each star to appear to the best possible advantage. Across the pentagonal space in the center of the stars the letters "G A.R." in gold bronze will be placed Various emblems appropriate to the military character of the organization will be arranged in tasteful order about the spacious dancing hall. Permission, we learn, has been granted by Col. Jones, of Vancouver, allowing the members of the post to take from the arsenal there whatever they may desire in the way of tents, flags, swords, muskets, etc, for the grand occasion on next Tuesday evening

HISTORIC METAL —It turns out that the metal from which the bell presented by Hon Benj Stark to the Episcopal congregation of this city, to be used in the new Trinity Church, was cast, possesses historic associations. The great scarcity of copper in New York, and the consequent advance in prices, has induced the shipment of large quantities of the metal from foreign countries. Last summer several ship loads of copper were brought from Mexico to New York. Included in the cargoes, were twelve large copper cannons taken from Vera Cruz, having been long condemned by the Government officials, and where they had laid for years in a dismantled condition about the fortifications. On an examination it was discovered that these cannon were cast at Seville, Spain, in the year 1746, and bore the coat of arms of Philip V, which Spanish monarch died the same year. This old condemned ordnance was purchased by Messrs. Meneely & Son, of New York, for bell metal. On subjecting the metal to analysis it was found to be composed of copper, 94 5, tin 5 2 In order to raise it to the standard required for bell metal, the copper was reduced and tin added, making it stand copper, 78, tin, 22. It is of this alloy that Trinity Church bell is composed A portion of the same metal which 120 years ago thundered from the batteries of Vera Cruz, and wrought forth death and defiance to the invaders of Mexican soil, will for the future be employed in pealing out its silvery tones on the quiet Sabbath air to denote the time when the crowd of devoted worshipers shall assemble. After an eventful and war-like career in a chivalric age, the metal of these guns are now being cast into bells for churches, academies and other institutions of peace. The Trinity Church bell will arrive here on the next steamer. The bell weighs over 2,000 pounds, and with the rotary yoke and frame will weigh 3,100 The historic association of the metal invests this bell with a curious interest not possessed by any ordinary one.

SMASHED BUGGY.—On Tuesday evening, a horse attached to a buggy, ran off in the southern part of the city. The animal was left standing un hitched, while the driver went in to eat his supper. While the driver and owner of the horse and vehicle was engaged at his evening repast, the animal deliberately walked off So quietly did the horse start, that the man was not aware of what had occurred, until he came out to drive away, when he perceived, for the first time, that team and vehicle had unceremoniously departed After leaving the house, the horse ran down one street and up another, until he smashed the buggy all to smithereens, and freed himself from such encumbrances. The damage will likely exceed $100.

CITY TAX LEVY.—By the ordinances passed by the Common Council last night the following amounts on each $100 of taxable property in the corporate limits of the city were levied: For payment of the ordinary expenses of the city government, 55 cents, for the payment of interest on the Wallamet river improvement bonds, 8 cents, for the erection, repairing and lighting street lamps, 16 cents; for the maintenance of the police department, 25 cents; for the maintenance of the fire department, 36 cents. The total levy is $1 80 on each $100, and will raise the aggregate amount of $97,122 77.

FOR EASTERN OREGON.—As spring is moving apace a number of farmers in the valley engaged in stock raising are driving their cattle to the grazing regions of Eastern Oregon and Washington Territory to avail of the early grass and vegetation of spring and summer Almost every day one or more droves pass through the city en route for the eastern side of the Cascades. Yesterday a large drove of young cattle arrived here from Yamhill county. This morning the Dalles boat conveyed them up the river. The stock, with but few exceptions, were young and in poor condition.

SHIPMENT OF FREIGHT.—Freight for some days past has been received at the O. S. N. Co.'s wharf in this city for points on the Columbia above the Dalles. This was in anticipation of an early opening of the river, and the resumption of navigation. The recent cold snap, however, has dispelled for the present the hope of the opening of the river To avoid an accumulation of freight at the warehouses at the Dalles and Celilo, no more will be received here until the cold abates its severity, and the weather becomes more propitious.

COMMITTED —Corcoran, the deserter from the ship *Russell Sprague*, was examined yesterday on that charge before U. S. Commissioner Wilcox From the testimony in the case, the Commissioner held the defendant to answer the charge before the U. S Grand Jury Being unable to give bonds, Corcoran was committed to the Hotel de Caywood.

EXCURSION TO ALBANY —We learn that the owners of the steamer *Annie Stewart* are making arrangements to give a grand excursion to Albany. The steamer will leave here on Monday next, and passing through the locks, ascend as far as Albany and then return There will, doubtless, be a number of invited guests on board.

TESTIMONY CLOSED —In the U S. District Court yesterday, the case of Jos. Knott vs. the steamer *Vancouver* was on trial. The case began on Tuesday morning and has thus far consumed two days. Last evening the testimony for both sides closed. Argument on the case was deferred until Friday morning.

LOW WATER.—On the last trip of the steamer *Calliope* down the Yamhill, she touched at several points where the river passes over rocky shoals. The present cold weather has tended to materially reduce the volume of water in that stream Until a more favorable stage of water, the *Calliope* will ascend no higher than Dayton.

IN WASHINGTON —A dispatch was received a few days since from U. S Marshal T G. Young The telegram was dated Washington City, at which place he arrived a few days previous He will be present at the inauguration ceremony of President Grant, and will probably not return before the first of April.

TICKETS FOR THE CONCERT —Tickets for the Concert tendered Miss Rosenbaum on Friday evening next, can be obtained at the store of S Harris, No 111 First street The programme will be published in the issue of Friday morning

NEW CATALOGUE —Mr H A. Oxer, Librarian of the Portland Library Association, is at present busily engaged in compiling a new Catalogue of the Library for publication, none having been published since 1868.

THE MISSING STEAMER —Still the weary days and weeks roll by, and yet no tidings from that missing steamer *Geo S Wright*—not even one breath of intelligence concerning her whereabouts or safety, to lift the heavy weight of suspense and apprehension from the minds of those who her friends and relatives on board, whose fate must be inseparable from the steamer on which they embarked The *Geo S Wright* sailed from this port on the 2d day of last January, bound for Sitka and way ports She had but little freight, and a few passengers on board Rough weather and a stormy bar detained the steamer some days at Astoria On the 15th of January she was passed near Fort Simpson by the steamer *Otter* The *Wright* was going north at the time Since that date, no tidings have been received here or at any other point along the coast situated within the reach of telegraphic communication Where she now is, or what fate has befallen her, can only be conjectured Various reasons are assigned for her long delay, some surmise that she is disabled, others that the channels through which she must pass are blocked up with ice, others that there has been an outbreak of hostile Indians in Alaska, and others again express grave apprehensions that she has foundered and all on board have probably perished. It must be admitted appearances indicate that some serious accident has occurred, for nothing short of a serious accident could occasion such a delay Yesterday was the fifty-fifth day since she left this port Such grave fears were entertained that the revenue cutter *Shubrick*, and *Lincoln Telfair* were both sent in search of the lost steamer. What the result of the search will be, remains to be seen. One gloomy feature about the missing vessel is, that if she was merely disabled that fact could have been communicated to this city to reassure the public mind and relieve the fears entertained by friends The following persons were on board when the *Wright* sailed hence Major John Walker and wife, Purser Weidler, Captain Ainsley, engineer John Sutton, the mate and crew. This is all the passengers on board if the accident occurred on the upward passage, if on the downward, five other persons in addition were expecting to embark for this city. The sincere sympathy of our citizens are enlisted in behalf of friends and relatives who are suffering anxiety by reason of the continued absence of the steamer, and it is the devout wish of all that the missing steamer may soon be heard from, with the cheering intelligence that all on board are safe and sound.

THE CONCERT.—A large, fashionable and cultured audience were present last evening at Masonic Hall on the occasion of the grand concert given for the benefit of the Young Mens' Christian Association. The capacious Hall was well filled, every available seat being occupied The performance opened by the quartette "The Gay Pilgrim," by Messrs Lancaster, Wyatt, Morgan and Schuyler. This was followed by the duett, "Drift My Bark," by Mesdames Wyatt and Corbett. The next piece on the programme was a violin and piano duet, by Messrs Brenner and Hatch. Mr. Brenner, as a young violinist, gives promise of attaining great proficiency on that instrument. The very difficult *role* of "Il Trovatore," was executed in an artistic manner by this young gentleman, which elicited rounds of deserved applause. Longfellow's beautiful poem of "The Village Blacksmith," set to music, was sung by Mr. Chas Lancaster. Mr John McCracken next read N. P. Willis' poetical gem of "Lazarus and Mary" "The Boatman," a quartette, sung by Mesdames DePrans and Corbett, and Messrs. Lancaster and Schuyler, concluded Part First of the programme Part Second consisted of a male quartette, "The Chasers," composed of Messrs. Lancaster, Wyatt, Morgan and Schuyler, a piano and organ duet by Messrs. DePrans and Thielsen; a solo, "Tender and True," by Mrs J. B. Wyatt; a duet by Mrs DePrans and Mr. Lancaster, a solo "The First Violet," by Miss Lindsley. The entertainment concluded by a quartette, "Protect Us Thro' the Coming Night," consisting of Mesdames. DePrans and Corbett, and Messrs. Lancaster and Schuyler. The entire programme was carried out in admirable style, and the audience gave token of their appreciation of the performances in detail, by frequent encores and hearty applause. The whole affair was a signal and substantial success financially and otherwise.

REGULAR TERM.—The regular term of the U. S. District Court for March, will convene on Monday next. An order for a Grand Jury has been issued, and placed in the hands of the Deputy U. S. Marshal, with instructions to return the list summoned by the first of next week.

Window shades, cornices, curtains, picture nails, etc., also all kinds of upholstery work done at Paul Richter's

LOCAL BREVITIES.

No vessels off the bar on Monday.

Copper coins bearing the date of 1873 are already in circulation—in the States.

The British bark *Flamingo* sailed from Callao, Peru, on January 8th for this port.

The tug *Merrimac* took the bark *Metanchon* from Westport to Astoria on Sunday.

The franking privilege, now deemed to go out of existence, is in its eighty-second year.

Ed. F. Albright yesterday received a letter addressed "Portland, San Francisco, Cal."

Persons living in this vicinity are probably aware that there was a fall of snow at intervals, yesterday.

About the most entertaining picture we can think of is that seen from the rear window in Odd Fellows' building.

Warrants to the amount of nearly two thousand dollars were ordered drawn on the city treasury by the Council last evening.

But for the interference of an outsider we would have made a lengthy item of a fight growing out of a quarrel on Front street.

The steamer *Idaho* which put in at Acapulco, on the Mexican coast, some time ago, on account of an accident to her machinery, was still there on the 21st.

Yesterday, as a river Captain informs us, one could see the Sandwich Islands from Astoria. It certainly must have been unusually clear down there.

If you want to take out a copy right you will have to send to the Librarian of Congress. U. S Commissioner Wilcox can give you some information in regard to such matters.

"Mother says I mustn't," is the title of a new song set to music and published by Gray. Copies have been received at the branch house here, and Mr DePrans will supply you.

An exchange says: A man who runs a saloon on street, always opens his business with prayer, then waters his whisky, and sets out the dice. We don't know of a man in *these* parts who carries out a similar idea.

"Mine host," Sprenger, of the St Charles, is fitting up a reading room in the place where the saloon has been located—the latter having been removed into the room on the Morrison street side Everything for the comfort of patrons will be looked after by Sprenger

Charley Lee, one of the heavy men on the O T Co's truck force, received quite a lot of woolen mittens and socks recently These articles were knit by a lady 74 years old, who resides in Minnesota where it is intensely cold She must have fancied this a cold country Charley, though exposed to the weather, has little use for them.

BUSINESS NOTICES

The Risdon Iron and Locomotive Works Co, San Francisco, advertise in another column They have excellent facilities for making anything in their particular line. The advertisement explains fully every branch of business these works are engaged in.

Notice of the annual election of members of the General Board of Directors of the Life Association of America will be found in another column Its charter requires this notice to be published annually, in every State in which a Department has been organized, in order that every policy holder may have a voice in choosing the men who are to manage its affairs. This is one of the popular features that have made the Life Association "the most successful life company in the world."

THE COURTS

CIRCUIT COURT—UPTON, J.

WEDNESDAY, Feb 26, 1873.

State vs M Mash, indicted for selling liquor to an Indian, defendant arraigned and plea of not guilty entered, jury empannelled and case on trial

State vs Thos Johnson, uttering a forged order District Attorney moved for dismissal of indictment, granted

State vs Wm Johnson, convicted of larceny, sentenced to the penitentiary for one year.

Geo B Cook vs Peterson & Gwynn, judgment on demurrer

State vs R Fritag; cause dismissed

State vs Henry Garling and J P Cline, continued by agreement of the parties until the next term of court

Geo Mayer vs W. P. McIntyre, action for damages.

COMMON COUNCIL

REGULAR MEETING, FEB 26, 1873.

The Common Council of the city of Portland met pursuant to ordinance His Honor Mayor Wasserman presiding

Present—W S. Caldwell, Clerk, J H Lappeus, Chief of Police Councilmen—Besser, Barton, Congle Hallock and Moreland

Absent—Councilmen Caywood, Hill, Russell, and Story

Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved

PETITIONS MEMORIALS ETC

The petition of P G Baker for additional allowance for grading certain streets was read and referred to Committee on Streets and Public Property

A communication from H R Leonard notifying the Council that he had assigned the rights granted him by ordinance No 1,182 known as the Portland Bridge Ordinance to the Portland Bridge Company The communication was ordered to be spread on the record

The committee of citizens appointed to view the premises and report on a plan to connect First and North First street, submitted a report, and the City Surveyor was instructed to draw plans in accordance with the said report.

RECEIPTS OF OFFICERS

The City Attorney reported the result of several suits in the Circuit Court, growing out of the extension of certain streets. The report was referred to the Committee on Judiciary

CLAIMS AGAINST THE CITY

The following claims against the city were ordered paid Oregonian Publishing Co, $75 20, *Herald* Printing Co, $20 35 *Bulletin* Publishing Co, $27 55, Chas Lawrence, $100 John M Brock, $800, W H Butts, $150, J H Lappens, $598, B A Habersham, $200.

BUSINESS ON THE TABLE

The report of the Judiciary Committee on the petition of Arthur Fabie was taken from the table and placed on file

Councilman Caywood appeared and took his seat.

ORDINANCES

An ordinance levying 5½ mills per cent to defray the ordinary expenses of the city government, read a first and second time, rule suspended, ordinance read a third time and passed.

An ordinance levying a tax 8 10 of one mill per cent. to pay interest on certain city bonds, read a first and second time, rule suspended, ordinance read a third time and passed.

An ordinance levying 16 10 mills per cent for the payment of the expenses of erecting, lighting and keeping street lamps in order for the year 1873, read a first and second time; rule suspended, ordinance read a third time and passed.

An ordinance levying a tax of 2½ mills per cent. for the support of the Police Department, was read a first and second time, rule suspended, ordinance read a third time and passed.

An ordinance levying a special tax of 3½ mills per cent for the payment of the expenses of the Fire Department, was read a first and second time, rule suspended, ordinance read a third time and passed.

An ordinance extending the time for commencing work on the Portland Bridge until August 15, 1873, and the time for completing the same until August 15, 1874, provided the Portland Bridge Company shall file within ten days from the approval of the ordinance a good and sufficient bond in the sum of $20,000 conditioned for the performance of the work within said dates, was read a first time and a second time by title

An ordinance making an appropriation of $530 for the purchase of certain lots to be sold for delinquent street assessments, read a first and second time, rule suspended, ordinance read a third time and passed.

An ordinance authorizing the purchase of 1,000 feet of carbolized hose with patent coupling, read a first and second time, rule suspended, ordinance read a third time and passed.

An ordinance making an appropriation out of the Fire Department Fund, read a third time and passed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the Auditor to draw warrants on the appropriate fund for the payment of the excess of the damages over the benefit assessed against certain lots, in the matter of the extension of Columbia and B street.

The name of B. A. Habersham was ordered placed on the monthly pay roll at $200 per month while he is employed by the city.

A resolution was adopted instructing the Committee on Fire and Water to prepare such ordinances as may be necessary to carry out the recommendations of their report on the subject of furnishing a water supply in cases of fires, and the purchase of water works, and report such ordinances at the next meeting of the Common Council.

On motion the Council adjourned.

THE DARK YEAR OF 1816.—The year 1816, or the year "eighteen hundred and starved to death," was known as the "year without a summer," and the coldest ever experienced within the memory of man on this or the Eastern continent.

The previous December was very cold, but January was so mild that fires were scarcely needed. February was also genial, followed by an ordinary March, with cold and boisterous opening weather, but milder at the close. April was more like winter than spring A ferocious May killed buds and fruit with half an inch of ice, and the fields were planted and replanted with corn, which was constantly nipped by the frost. Frost, ice and snow in June killed nearly every green thing, and destroyed nearly all fruit. Snow fell ten inches deep in Vermont, and covered the ground in Massachusetts and New York

On the 5th of July ice thick as window glass was formed. Indian corn was badly damaged, and what survived was still more injured by the August ice Farmers were obliged to plant in the spring of 1817 the corn of 1815. It cost from four to five dollars per bushel. The Western farmers who are burning their corn for fuel may take the hint. The rest of the year was icy and frosty, ending in a mild and comfortable December. The sun seemed to impart very little heat, nature looked as melancholy as in November, and men's minds were depressed with anxiety for the future.

The average wholesale price of flour was thirteen dollars a barrel With an excessive crop of corn and wheat, it would probably be impossible to produce any great distress for food, should another "dark year" glower upon us, and taught by experience the possibility of surviving so cold and gloomy a year, there would be no less mental anxiety about its termination

OPENING OF THE FIRST RAILROAD TO THE MEXICAN CAPITAL —The 1st of January, 1873, will always be regarded by the Mexicans as a red-letter day in their history, inasmuch as it witnessed the inauguration of the first railway ever opened in the country By the concession granted to the builders of the road, the line had to be completed on that day, and only a short time previous the Government was notified that the company would be able to convey President Lerdo de Tejada in a special train from the capital to the first port in the republic on the day named Accordingly the President, accompanied by the Cabinet, Congress, and the foreign representatives, and several distinguished Mexican and foreign gentlemen, left Mexico for Vera Cruz before the rising of the first sun of the new year. From the capital to Boca del Montre, a distance of one hundred and fifty miles, the road is almost entirely level The remainder of the route, however, is exceedingly uneven, running through narrow gorges, into tunnels, and thence over huge iron bridges that span apparently bottomless precipices. The peculiarly constructed engines and the steam brakes used on the road enable trains to make steep ascents and descents, however, and the difficulties which the mountainous region of the country put in the way are thus entirely obviated The company rode in beautiful palace cars over the whole route, and the inaugural ceremonies were attended with marked displays of enthusiasm by the citizens A grand celebration was held at Vera Cruz on the arrival of the distinguished companies, and ceremonies appropriate to the occasion were entered into

The following items from Congressional proceedings of the 20th were not reported by telegraph

During the night session, the bill passed the Senate to deliver to the Army of the Cumberland 68 pieces of condemned bronze cannon to be used in an equestrian statue of General Thomas A like bill was introduced granting 25 pieces to the Pennsylvania State Association for a statue to Thaddeus Stevens, but the bill was recommitted

At the sitting of the Senate Credit Mobilier Committee, Henry C. Orane, of New York, testified that while confidential clerk to Durant, on the 21st of December, 1865, he drew a check for $5,000 to the order of Senator Harlan on the Corn Exchange Bank, of New York The check was payable to the order of Harlan The check was drawn against the funds of Mr. Durant's in that bank The witness knew of no other check, but had heard it said that Mr Durant gave one He had searched for the check said to have been given by Durant in 1865 or '66, but could not find any Letters were offered showing that it was Ames who deposited Patterson's stock with Morton Bliss & Co

LEFT TO FREEZE TO DEATH —The Pekin (Illinois) *Register* reports a case of death by freezing in Spring Lake If the story as developed at the inquest be true, the parties who left the unfortunate man to perish deserve the penitentiary

A party of Gooding's house heard the man halloo, they went out and talked to him He said he was so cold and benumbed that he could not help himself, and begged of them, for the Lord's sake, to help him out, and he would serve them and work for them one year without pay or reward. He was then about eighty feet from dry land, and the water where he was not more than three and one-half feet deep, and no ice of any consequence, they asked him his name, and he answered Walker or Watson They went home then and warmed themselves by the fire for about two hours, then went to bed. After sleeping an hour, aroused by his cries, which were "very pitiful," as the witness said, the two Goodings and Rose got up and out again, and told him if he went down stream a short ways he could get out, but he said. "Mister, I can't do it—I can't walk" They then went back to the house, and saw nor heard no more of him until they saw him dead the next morning. The evidence showed that by a little energy and charity, fifteen men and a boat, could have been brought to his relief in twenty minutes.

Mrs McCue, of Janesville, Wis., surely cannot sigh for her rights She fell to, the other day, and beat Mac in the most unmerciful manner, and followed up the chastisement by having the poor fellow arrested. His difficulties had but just commenced, for the Justice fined him $50 and costs for the breach of the peace committed by her.

PRICES MARKED DOWN —Polite and attentive clerks will be happy to wait upon customers who are desirous of procuring a No 1 article of clothing at the most reasonable prices You will find all these ideas carried out to the letter at the well known house of J. Kohn & Co 91 Front street. Their stock is complete in every respect

An Advertising Agents, Geo P. Rowell & Co. of New York, are at the head of the list—always prompt honorable and straightforward —*Journal, Freeport, Ill,*

To fill your larder with the best, and at the same time economize in the distribution of cash for the same, is something that few people understand how to manage. If you wish to attain these desired objects the proper way to do will be to call on Charley Martin, a man who can "dish up" anything in his particular line to the satisfaction of the oldest inhabitant. You can bet every time on that. He is in the Grocery business, of course that is understood, at the northeast corner of Yamhill and First streets.

TAKE UP YOUR LINE of march for Crittenton's, No. 7 6th Avenue, all ye coughers and wheezers, and sniffers. It is the depot for *Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar*, which for all ailments of the lungs and their air passages is an immediate and sovereign remedy. All druggists keep it

Piso's Toothache Drops cure in 1 minute.

Why has Sozodont become the staple Dentrifice of America? Simply because it is impossible to use it, even for a week, without perceiving its hygienic effect upon the teeth, the gums and the breath 29

"Their name is Legion" may be applied to those who die annually of Consumption, although science has of late sensibly diminished their number It is gratifying to know that the general use of DR WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY is largely instrumental in attaining this end

Dickey's Creme de Lis—For cleansing and preserving the Teeth, Beautifying the Complexion, and removing Freckles, Eruptions, Sunburn and Tan. A new combination, equal to the best French preparations, and free from their poisonous ingredients. Invented by Geo S. Dickey, Chemist. m580m1.6m

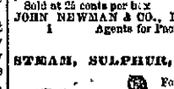
A JEWEL.—Sozodont purifies, Sozodont beautifies, Sozodont gratifies all who use it Sold by druggists and perfumers. 10

To protect the understanding of humanity, nothing there is like leather fastened together by CABLE SCREW WIRE. Boots and Shoes made in this way never rip, crack, or come apart

Not every one can be President, but all can buy SILVER TIPPED Shoes for their children, and thereby lessen their Shoe bills two thirds
For sale by all Dealers.

HOLLOWAY'S VERMIFUGE CONFECTIONS
Are the most effective remedy for those pests of childhood Worms All Physicians approve of them. They are pleasant to take, and safe and reliable in all cases
Sold at 25 cents per box
JOHN NEWMAN & CO., Druggists, San Francisco.
1 Agents for Pacific Coast.

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATHS.



For the cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will remove the severest Cold. Also,
Warm, Cold and Shower Baths.
Steam or Vapor Baths, $1 00 Warm baths, 50 cents
LUDWIG WILHELM, Proprietor,
Wiegand's Old Stand,
Washington street, near Front

J. H. BRENNER,
Professor of Music!

Lessons given on the PIANO, VIOLIN and ORGAN; also to classes
Music furnished for Parties and Balls.
Orders left at Gray's Music Store, Residence cor Sixth and Stark streets

The Judgment of the Public.

Doctors disagree Each school of medicine has its own theories, and as these theories differ widely, it is clear that few if any of them can be right. But if medical men cannot agree upon any theory or system of practice, the public mind find no difficulty in agreeing as to notorious matters of fact For instance, they have observed for many years that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters uniformly cure dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, biliousness, nervous debility, and many other diseases which the prescriptions of the pharmacopœia do not and cannot cure; and they know, therefore, that there can be no mistake about it on this point they are firm and positive. They take their stand on incontrovertible facts, and they state to one another verbally, and sometimes by letter, what they know about relieving and preventing sickness with the standard vegetable tonic and alterative of America

Here, then, the invalid has a guarantee of value that can be relied upon, viz the sober judgment of the public After twenty years of observation and reflection, the American people pronounce Hostetter's Bitters the best invigorating and regulating medicine at their command and give credence to the faith that is in them by purchasing more of it than of any other advertised medicine manufactured on this continent. A large number of physicians, too, however much they may differ on other points in therapeutics, admit the extraordinary merits of the Bitters as a tonic and alterative, and recommend it as a preventive of malarious diseases, and as a remedy in intermittent and remittent fevers

PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL.

THE PEOPLE'S DOCTOR, cures Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, SEN Joints, Lame Back, Paralysis, Pleurisy, Lumbago, Pain in the Breast and Sides, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramp, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Pains in the Stomache and Bowels, and all internal and external aches and pains.

PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL

speaks for itself, and time and use have proved it the best remedy in the world for the above complaints — Price, small size, fifty cents; large, one dollar per bottle Ask for PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL

BLOOD! BLOOD!

THE RIVER OF LIFE Keep the ruby current clean and pure; get rid of Boils, Blotches, Pimples, Pustules Scrofula Salt Rheum, and all eruptions and disorders arising from impure blood, by using

PRATT'S NEW LIFE.

Keep your liver active and your bowels regular; cure FEVER and AGUE, Sick Headache, Piles and Dyspepsia, with the Great Blood and Liver Remedy, PRATT'S NEW LIFE Price, one dollar; for sale by all druggists
A McBOYLE & CO, Druggists and Chemists,
s2Ld3p6m San Francisco, Sole Proprietors.

PLANTATION BITTERS!

S. T.--1860--X.

The wonderful vegetable restorative is the shoot anchor of the feeble and debilitated. As a tonic and cordial for the aged and languid it has no equal among stomachics. As a remedy for the nervous weakness to which women are especially subject, it is superseding every other stimulant. In all climates, tropical, temperate or frigid, it acts as a specific in every species of disorder which undermines the bodily strength and broaks down the animal spirits.

LYON'S KATHAIRON,

For Preserving and Beautifying the Human Hair. To Prevent its Falling Out and Turning Grey.

A well preserved Head of Hair, in a person of middle age, at once bespeaks refinement, elegance, health and beauty. It may truly be called Woman's Crowning Glory, while men are not insensible to its advantages and charms. Few things are more disgusting than thin, frizzly, harsh, untamed Hair, with head and coat covered with Dandruff. Visit a barber and you feel and look like a new man. This is what LYON'S KATHAIRON will do all the time. The charm which lies in well placed Hair, lossy Curls, Luxuriant Tresses, and a Clean Head, is tickable and irresistible.

Sold by all Druggists and Country Stores.

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Wants.

Wanted,

IN GOOD LOCALITY, A WELL FURNISHED HOUSE, with four or five bed rooms. Address at This Office, feb25d3t H.

Wanted,

RAGS, OLD PAPER, ROPE CANVAS AND JUNK in general, for which I will pay the highest price.
Save Up and Make Yourself Rich.
I will call, or you can send to my warehouse, Salmon street, between Front and First
1123 ROBT. LAWSAN.

For Sale.

For Sale.

A LOT OF SAUER KRAUT & ONIONS. very fine Also,
Groceries, Provisions,
FRUIT, ETC.,
AT REDUCED RATES.
f19 EVERDING & FARRELL.

FOR SALE!

The Iron Front of the Store
Formerly occupied by S. J. McCormick.
Front 25 Feet Wide, with four Doors.
Apply to C. M. WIBERG, 141 Front st., Up Stairs.

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HAVE FOR SALE AND TO RENT FARMS AND City Property in Oregon and Washington Territory, at prices to suit the times.
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Cor. First & Alder,
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THIS POPULAR INSTITUTION IS IN SESSION
Day and Evening!
STUDENTS ADMITTED ON ANY WEEK DAY.
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ONE DOOR WEST OF FIRST.
OLD CUSTOMERS AND NEW ONES WILL BE AT home at his place
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FLIEDNER BROTHERS'
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HOT COLD STEAM, SULPHUR AND MEDICATED Baths Private entrance for Ladies on Alder st between Front and First. f20tf

6,000 lbs. Fire Clay,
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JUST RECEIVED, SIX BARK "LOCH DEE." For sale in lots to suit, by EVERDING & FARRELL.

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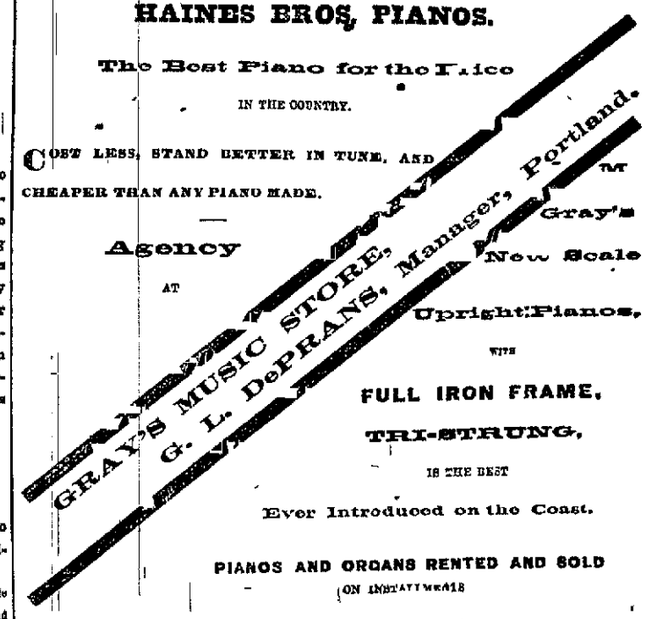

Gray's Agency AT New Scale Upright Pianos,
WITH
FULL IRON FRAME,
TRI-STRUNG,
IS THE BEST
Ever Introduced on the

Origin of the Modoc Peace Policy.

The Washington correspondent of the San Francisco *Bulletin*, under date of February 5th, says

The press dispatches from the Pacific Coast to-day report that the settlers in Southern Oregon and Northern California are indignant at the appointment of the peace commissioners to treat with the Modocs and want the war to go on. In view of this state of feeling it will interest many of your readers to learn what arguments have induced the Administration so suddenly to change its attitude with regard to these Indians, and by whom the arguments were made.

In brief, then, the change has been brought about by ex-Superintendent of the Indian Affairs Meacham, Gen E A Applegate, S A. Clarke, D P Thompson, M. P. Berry, H R Kincaid, Daniel Chaplin, and a few other gentlemen, all residents of Oregon, now in this city, who, in the course of a prolonged interview with the Secretary of the Interior, on his invitation, offered substantially the following suggestions for the settlement of the Modoc Indian difficulties

First—Indians and troops are incompatible, and no military should remain on a reservation

Second—Indians of different tribes can be harmonized only on lands that did not originally belong to either. For instance, the Klamaths occupy part of their original territory, and claim that the Modocs are interlopers, taunting them with having to subsist in their territory

Third—The Klamaths and Modocs have been hereditary enemies as far back as tradition goes, and the Modocs absolutely refuse to occupy the same reservation with them.

Fourth—The Modocs, in December, 1871, offered to accept a reservation, six miles square on their own original soil, 30 miles south of the Klamath country, and were assured that their proposition would receive full consideration They now say their proposition has not been duly considered and that no answer has been received, therefore they think the Government cannot have authorized the attempt to remove them by force.

Fifth—The Modocs fully understand that the Government can annihilate them, but they are desperate and determined to sell their lives dearly.

Sixth—A small portion of what a war will cost will suffice to secure peace and provide a maintenance for the Modocs and save a great deal of bloodshed; for there is danger that renegade and disaffected Indians will join them after their recent success, and they are almost impregnable in their lava caves.

Finally it was argued that Indians should be treated like bad children, or in some cases like wild beasts, and that to run from them or adopt conciliatory measures or otherwise avoid a conflict, is no disgrace if it seems the best policy, and therefore, that the considerations of maintaining our dignity, refusing to "back down," etc., were not pertinent to the present question.

Secretary Delano being convinced of the soundness of these positions, laid the matter before the President and the rest of the Cabinet, who concurred in the accompanying recommendations, and a Peace Commission was accordingly constituted of, Messrs. A. B. Meacham, T. B. Odeneal and the Rev. J. H Wilbur, with orders to proceed to the camp of the Modocs, and settle the difficulty if possible, without further expense or loss of life. Mr. Meacham, however refuses to serve with Odeneal (his successor in the office of Superintendent upon whose recommendation the order was issued which led to hostilities) or with Wilbur, now an Indian agent in Washington Territory, whom he considers his enemy; and the Commission has been to-day reconstructed, so as to consist of Meacham, Jesse Applegate, who is now in the Modoc country, and Samuel Case, Indian Agent at Alsea, Oregon. Meacham will start westward this evening or to-morrow, as soon as his instructions are prepared by the Department of the Interior.

Gen. E. A. Applegate has created an extremely favorable impression on Secretary Delano by his evident knowledge of Indian character. He says, in his graphic style, that "the pow-wow policy handled by a pow-wow man will always win," and urges the necessity of sending to the Indians men competent to deal with and influence them, experienced in their ways and able, willing and patient to "pow-wow" with them. From the present composition of the Peace Commission it would seem that this method or dealing with the Modocs is to receive a fair trial.

Brains.

Prof. Burt G. Wilder of Cornell, recently delivered a very interesting lecture at New York on the brain. Many of his facts, although doubtless well known to doctors and people well-read in anatomy, are new to the general public. His comparisons of the capacities of the crania of different races and nations of men were especially interesting. But, his last very singularly omits the Celtic and French and all the Latin nations, so that it is very incomplete. Of the nationalities and conditions of human life given by him, the Swedes have the largest brains, ranking at 100. The Anglo-Saxons come next at 96, and others as follows. Finns 95, Anglo-Americans 91.30, Germans 92, American Indians 84, American negroes 80.60, Hottentot 75 30, gorilla 34 50, idiot 22.07. Thus the great American stock ranks below the original British German and below the Laplanders, and the Germans below us. A century and a half of American slavery and civilization have raised the negroes only 5¼ points, but they are not yet up to the Indian standard. But it is no longer presumed that the size of brain is exactly proportioned to the general intelligence, and these figures indicate that such cannot be the case. The Swedes are not a smart people, and the Finns certainly are not. The American people, of course, cannot admit that principle for a moment. Dr. Holden of the Central Park museum, in an article on the Flathead Indians in the *Hearth and Home*, alleges that, although their brains are much diminished by the peculiar and inexplicable habit of compressing the foreheads of infants in a kind of brain-tweezers, nevertheless the tribe is of usual intelligence and thrift. He cites, also, the case of the ancient Peruvians, a people of extraordinary civilization and genius, as leaving behind them in their tombs crania whose capacity is only 78 inches, while that of the Shawnees of to-day is 100. The pure-blooded Flatheads are also more healthy and long-lived than half-breeds.

Prof. Wilder cites some facts in regard to the weight of brains more consoling to the Yankee mind. The brains of our soldiers in the late war had an average weight of 52.06 ounces, while the European only average 49.50. Culver's brain weighed 64 ounces, Jim Fisk's 58, Webster's 53 and a "celebrated miscellanist" got along with 43 ounces All of which goes to show that the connection between intelligence and ounces of brain is as yet very little understood. The brains of men are heavier than those of women, but, proportionally to the weight of the rest of the body, as far as statistics have been collected, women's brains are a trifle the heaviest. There are some birds that have a still larger proportion of brain to other meat than man. The proportion of brain to body in man is about as 1 to 36. The brain grows fastest from 1 to 7 years of age, slower from 7 to 14, slower yet from 14 to 21, and then ceases. From 50 upward it diminishes in weight about one ounce in 10 years.

Prof. Wilder discussed the question of phrenology very candidly, but alluded well-known facts of anatomy that make it a stumbling-block to the scientific. We suspect it is now mainly the sport of people who are "hard up" for means of entertainment and the support of a few pseudo scientists and bumpfumblers There,—we didn't mean to harp on a red rag, and, rather than provoke any long-winded responses in defense of phrenology, we take it all back. We don't suspect anything of the kind.

American oysters, roiled and fatted in English beds, are advertised in London papers to be sold at one shilling a dozen, "delivered free on rail for any part of the Kingdom, with an oyster knife and receipts for cooking in the delicious ways known in America, added gratis."

A family in Lebanon, Ill., was lately made miserable by strange sounds, and while the head of the family was timidly groping about to find the ghost, he was struck in the face with an old tin spout which the wind was swaying about. Horrible! most horrible!

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Feb 26, 1873

Gold in New York to-day, 114¼

Portland Legal Tender rates, 87½c buying, 88¼@89 selling

Gold bars are quotable at 900 fine

Wheat in Liverpool—11s 9d@11s 10d, club 12s 6d@12s

The condition of our home finance has undergone but little for ten days, during which time it has exhibited signs of greater ease than previously for some months The demand for funds is quite moderate to the immediate supply, and rates keep well up, though accommodations are more readily obtained

Advices by mail from San Francisco report the money market there as follows

Our money market is somewhat convalescent. The stringency fever seems to have passed its crisis, and is abating, much to the relief of a suffering business community Locking up money to be at down prices in the stock market and coming holders to sacrifice shares does not appear to be very profitable business while paying 1 per cent per month for the luxury, although the time was extremely propitious the market having been previously depleted to a large extent by the payment of taxes Applications for loans on real estate security are less numerous, while accommodation on first class paper and other eligible collaterals is more readily furnished The remarkably favorable season, so far this year, has the effect of inspiring the highest confidence in the growing crops, and every one enters into the impression that the harvest of 1873 will be for the most abundant ever gathered in this State

The total amount of coinage of the Branch Mint at San Francisco during the month of January was $900,000, all of the denomination of $20

Government is about to give us two kinds of silver dollars one to be of the exact weight, fineness and value of the French five franc piece, and the other to be worth as much or little more than the Mexican dollar, the latter being intended for the Asiatic trade

Figures About Wool.

As the price which is to prevail here for this product will be much governed by that ruling in the Atlantic States, we give the following from a leading journal on the present condition of the market there

The holders of woolshave brought the manufacturers to terms, and the trade is quite active now at the advanced prices The statistics of the staple for 1872 show that the American clip amounted to 103,000,000 pounds or 18,000,000 more than in 1871 and 2,000 000 less than in 1870 The importations rose to 98,306,581 pounds, an unprecedented amount, 20,000,000 in excess of 1871 and 70 000,000 in excess of 1870 The present stocks in Boston, Philadelphia and New York are about 12,000,000 in excess of those at the same time last year. Of the exports stated 15,000,000 pounds were used in domestic woolens, 10,000,000 in shoddy, 5,000,000 in hosiery, 13,000,000 in worsted and 25,000,000 in carpets Prices are now a trifle lower than in January, 1872, but a great improvement on those of last fall

An Outlook.

The San Francisco *Bulletin* has the following in regard to the prospects of the wheat crop in Oregon and California in 1873, and the probabilities affecting the future of our markets for that cereal

The weather during the past winter has been remarkably favorable for agricultural pursuits in this State The rains have come just when they were seemingly most wanted, and in such moderate quantity as to do little harm and much good The result is that feed is everywhere abundant. Those who succeeded in getting in their grain early are now enjoying the pleasure of witnessing a flourishing condition of their crops, while those who did not succeed in getting their land ready before the February rains, will yet have opportunity to lay the foundation for an abundant yield. The harvest prospect in this State at this season of the year, never presented so flattering a character. The area under wheat will be larger than in any previous year. The season now drawing to a close has been one of unexampled fertility and prosperity The only drawback has been the inadequate supply of tonnage, which has necessitated the payment of unprecedentedly high freights San Francisco has probably presented the best inducements in the world for ships during the past six months, and the prospect for the next twelve months is certainly equally favorable The partial failure of crops in Australia and Europe is now so far assured that we feel justified in inviting the attention of shipowners throughout the world to the desirability of sending their vessels to this coast to participate in the movement of the forthcoming crops, which will be ready for harvesting about the 1st of July. The crop now going forward is largely in excess of any previous year It is now generally believed that the early estimates of surplus for export promulgated by leading authorities in the matter will be reached. These estimates, it will be remembered, placed the quantity for export at 500,000 tons, or 10,000,000 centals wheat. We have already exported over 7,000,000 centals, including flour. Nearly all the wheat exported has gone to Great Britain, the only other wheat shipments of consequence being a partial cargo to New York and two small cargoes to Australia.

Ocean Carriage.

By mail advices from San Francisco we learn that there were in that port on the 15th of February, nine disengaged vessels, having an aggregate capacity of 9,304 tons, that notwithstanding the tonnage supply is fully adequate to the wants of the port, freights keep up astonishingly, the rate to a direct port in the United Kingdom with Wheat being £4 per ton, while many ship owners are asking even more. It may be enquired why some of these vessels are not chartered by exporters to come here and load, as they could run up here in ten days with good fortune. But it is well settled that to bring one of them here would cost £1 per ton additional to the rate asked at San Francisco, so that even with what may seem a surplus at San Francisco, the price of charters there is not such as would warrant the belief that they could be obtained here at less than the figures heretofore given, that is £5 per ton. The *Commercial Herald* on this subject says: "It is, however, universally conceded, that, by reason of the unprecedented number of marine losses in 1872; the largely increased cost of building from ships in England, caused by the high prices of Iron Coal, and Labor; the long stagnation in ship building throughout the United States, and the rapidly augmenting requirements of maritime commerce, there is now, and likely to be for a long time to come, a serious deficiency in the supply of tonnage Freight charges are again tending upward all over the world The publication of statistical data concerning tonnage and the maritime trade of various nations have satisfied ship-owners that all the facilities they possess will be in active demand. Nothing short of four pounds sterling to the ton will receive any attention from eligible vessels, and we have scanned the field in vain for the prospect of lower rates.

But it is late in the season to effect any important change during the present harvest year in our tonnage supply, and it behooves us to see what facilities can be secured for the surplus products of our State in the future. The paper quoted above urges the question of building ships on the public attention as the remedy which California ought to provide, and says.

"The California crop of wheat for 1873 will probably be thirty-five or thirty-six million of bushels, requiring the services of eight hundred ships of a thousand tons each to market the surplus At four pounds the ton, a ship of one thousand tons would earn twenty thousand dollars for a single trip, at which rate eight hundred ships would share $16,000,000 as freight money on our wheat exports alone. Under such circumstances, and from every conceivable point of view, we think ship-building will prove a little more remunerative, and assuredly far more beneficial to the great interests of the State, than stock gambling or diamond mining investments. This is our golden opportunity to grasp at once the second rank in the list of great American maritime ports.

Oregon in a more limited extent is precisely in the same condition Last harvest our surplus wheat was estimated at 3,000,000 bushels, which we believe was very nearly correct. We are now likely to carry a considerable portion of this into next year, but find the tonnage supply been sufficient at the rates prevailing in former years it would have all been moved. This would have required about ninety vessels of the average size, say 1,000 tons each, and at the lowest rate at which ships have been chartered to come here, it would have cost $2,500,000 to have shipped our surplus to Liverpool. Many statisticians estimate our surplus wheat crop for 1873, with an average from this forward, at 3 700,000 bushels, or one hundred and twenty five cargoes of upwards of 1,000 tons each, at a cost, if the paper above mentioned is correct, of $3,125,000.

We know these figures appear large, but they are nevertheless below the generally estimated average, and an exchange is pertinent in asking what ought the people of the Pacific Coast to do to divert a part of these enormous sums of money into their own pockets? It is answered: "By building and owning a fleet of first-class merchant ships and doing our carrying trade as much as possible Vessels of one thousand tons can be built launched and got ready to run in eight or nine months at many fine harbors in Puget Sound. Mechanics can be imported from the East at prices satisfactory to them and to their employers. Vessels can be turned out quite as cheaply, everything considered as in Maine Freights will and must rule high for two or three years to come A good ship can make two European voyages in one year and, at four pounds the ton, will clear the cost of construction Should return freights not offer the vessel can be filled up for steerage passengers at nominal expense, and, if moderate rates for passage be asked, will find no difficulty in getting all she can accommodate"

Miscellaneous

Late advices from London report that 100,000 tons of shipping has been engaged to load wheat at Adelaide, New Zealand, for the United Kingdom, at 7.6@7.9 6d

The remittances of Treasure from San Francisco to New York by rail for the week ending 19th instant were as follows Gold coin, $220,000; silver bullion, $54,784, total, $274,784, as compared with $181 740 for the preceding week

The first call of the Secretary of the Treasury for $100,000,000 5 20's was withdrawn, in order, it is stated, to conform to the date of the subscription maturities in Europe, which will be on the 1st of June next The call will be dated March 1st. Of the $100,000,000, $90,000,000 are coupons, and mostly held in Germany, while the $10,000,000 registered are held in America

On the 15th inst there were nine disengaged vessels in the port of San Francisco with an aggregate tonnage of 9,304 tons

An estimate is made, that since and including the Chicago fire, the United States has lost over $300,000,000 by great conflagrations in the various cities.

Home Product Market.

We note no material change in our domestic produce market to-day The receipts of most articles under this head are quite up to average and prices though generally low are quite steady at the quotations last given by us Wheat is still quotable at $1 60 per central though no transactions are noted. Flour is firm, Oats quiet, Feed somewhat more active, Potatoes in fair demand. Apples tending upward with diminished receipts, Bacon and Lard still dull, Butter in good supply, Eggs rather scarcer Chickens higher and in good demand. Other products in fair request but not changed.

Markets

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 26.—Hour—Freight has been engaged for 1,000 bbls to New York by Panama steamer to-morrow Jobbing trade quiet superfine $4 75@5 25, extra 5 75@6, family figure is for Oregon and interior brands

Wheat—Weak Liverpool market renders buyers more cautious even at lower rates, range for full kinds $1 70@1 82½; sales of 1,000 sks choice to arrive, 1 80

Barley—Firm; $1 20@1 25; Buy, 1 22½@1 30, 1,800 ctls, Buy January, 1 35

Oats—600 sks coast feed, $2 07½@2 12½ Oregon, 2 15@2 20

Potatoes—Humboldt, 90c@1 10, Bodega and other kinds 75c@1

Onions—Lead lots, choice Cal. yellow, realized $2 75, 100 sks Under 1 25,

Corn—Price unchanged in wharf, $1 20.

Cornmeal—In small millers ask 1¾c

Buckwheat—Last sale at $1 02½

Rye—Sale of 75 tons reported a day or two ago—have nothing to remark—whether quoted at $2 sacks, 1 25

Seeds—Flax 3c, mustard, 1¾@2c, white, 2½@3c for brown

Beans—All kinds 3½@4c

Hops—A small lot of California offered at 45c

Honey—Strained, 10@15c, southern comb, 20@21¼

Dried Fruits—Peermain apples, $1 25@1 50; Blue Pearmains and Spitzenberg, 1 75@2, Russets, 1 50@1 75, New town Pippins 1 50@2 50

Pears—Round, $1, Bonnere 2 25@2 50, Doyenne Delicieux, $3 per box

Bananas—$2 50@3 50

Cranberries—Bunch 13@15c.

Limes—5c

Lemons—California, $16@5, Sicily, 0 @ 100,

Oranges—Sicily $3 @ 1,000.

Feed—Bran, $18, middlings, 28 from wharf, 27 50 from mills oil cake meal, 30, hay, 13@22 ₱ ton; straw, 60@70c per bale.

Dairy Products—Best fresh roll butter 35c, kegs 30c, according to quality, Cheese 14@15; California eggs 25c; Oregon, 25@27½ per doz; with sales of 2,000 doz. of the latter description

Poultry, Live—Turkeys, $18@20, Hens and roosters, $7@10 according to size, Ducks, $10@14, Geese, $12@18 per doz

Wild Game—There is a more plentiful supply here, and the price has been reduced to $2 @$3 per doz

Provisions—California Bacon, 11½@13c Eastern, do 10¼@11¾c; Lard, 12; California hams, 12 to 12½c for plain sugar cured, 14, Eastern sugar cured, 15 to 15½; California smoked beef, 12½c; lard, California, 10¾@11c Eastern, 10c10¼c in tierces, 11c11¼ in pails; 12½@13 in caddies.

Wool—Eastern market very quiet, and only nerdy buyers purchasing. First of London series, public sales, was to have been commenced on the 13th inst. and up to January, 23d the quantity offered for sale was 61,400 bales, which it was thought might be doubled by the time set for sale There has been no change in prices since December The San Francisco market continues quiet at 19@21 for fall and 25@30 for last spring's clip.

Hides—Buyers offer 18@20c for California dry; 8½@9c salted, sales of 1,200 dry, 17@19c; 1,500 salted, 7@8c.

Tallow—Very quiet at 7½@7¾c for good beef.

Retail Family Market

The following are the prices at which the principal articles of consumption are sold by our Retail Dealers:

GREEN FRUITS.	
Oranges, per doz.	1 00
Limes, per doz.	05
Cocoanuts, each	12
Cala Grapes, ₱ lb	20
Cranberries, ₱ gal	75c 00
Lemons, per doz.	75c1 00
Peaches, ₱ lb	
Apples, ₱ box	75c@1 00
Plums, ₱ lb	
DRIED FRUIT.	₱ lb
Figs, Cal	10@20
Figs, Asia Min, new	30@37
Figs, " old	12½@25
Apples	10
Plums, pitless	20@25
Prunes, fair, & French	20@25
Pears	8@10
Bananas, ₱ doz	$1 50
GROCERIES.	₱ lb.
Coffee, ground	30@37
do green C. R	22@25
do " Rio	20
do " Java	30@40
do Mocha	60
Sugar, crushed	13½
do pulverized	13½
do granulated	13
do Yellow	11
do Island No 1	13@14
do " No 2	12@13
do " extra C	12½
Milk, condensed	25
Candles, adamantine	20@23
do Paraffine	22@27
do Sperm	62
Oil, Kerosene ₱ gal	75
Syrup, Golden, ₱ gal	75
Teas	₱ lb.
Gunpowder	$1 25@1 50
Imperial	1 25@1 50
Young Hyson	1 10@1 50
Hyson	1 00@1 25
Eng. Breakfast	90@1 25
Japan	1 00
PROVISIONS, ETC.	₱ lb.
Butter—	
Fancy Dairy	50
Good	40@45
Ordinary	25@30
Cheese, Cal	20
do Eastern	25
do Oregon	16
Hams, country	18
do city	20@22
Bacon, sugar cured	22½@25
Shoulders	11@13
Bacon, Clear Sides	15@19
do Breakfast	@18
Lard—	
Pure Leaf, in tins	17@18
Good, in tins	15
In bulk	15
Honey, Yellow Comb	20
do White	25
Eggs, per doz	25
BREADSTUFFS.	₱ sack
Flour—	
Fancy brands	1 00
Choice	1 25
Common	1 02
Graham, extra	1 50
Corn meal, Cal ₱ lb	4c5
do Oregon,	4c6
POULTRY.	₱ pair.
Hens, grown	$1 00@1 25
Roosters,	1 25
Spring chickens	1 00
Ducks, tame	1 50
Geese, "	3 00
Turkeys	5 00

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Plows—Moline, 10 to 14 inch cut, $10@11 50; Boorin, 10 to 14 inch cut, $12@16 50; Collin's 12 and C 8, $15; Collin's Cast Steel, $18 50@20 Grain Drills—Buckeye, 9 and 10-hoe, $120@125, do with broad cast attachment, $5 extra. Cultivators—Two-horse, 9 tooth, $22. Buckeye broadcast Seeder and Cultivator, $160 Cider Mills—Buckeye, two tube, Junior, $30@32 50; do, Senior, $50@60; Hutchinson's $7 50. Farm Wagons—$140@190. Harrow teeth, 12c ₱ lb.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Messrs. J. K. & Co's B B. B. extra French calf, quilted or plain, 8s, d s or t n boots, $72@75, J. K. & Co Milford Standard's a c d or peg, lace top boots, $60. Portland made French calf s a d e or t s boots, $72@75, Portland made kip d e or t s boots, $60; our genuine kip, $54; Wellfoot, 54@54. Boys Boots—J K & Co, B. B. B. extra French calf d s or t n boots, $51 @54; our favore call, $42@45; kip s e d $30@33; Nash's calf pegged, $22@30. Ladies—d s kid for velvet top bals $27@30; kid seat vamp bals, $24@27; kid full seat bals $30@33, Portland made calf bals, $24; San Francisco calf bals, $28@30, pat calf bals, $18@20; Misses and Children's bals, corresponding low and lower grades at very much lower quotations

BANS AND BAGGING—Quotable for standard size, 10@20c as per quality and quantity; Flour Sacks, 11½@c Burlap, per yard, 16@15c.

LUMBER—Material—Local demand dull at prices ranging, for rough lumber, $12@13; dressed, $22 @30, flooring, $24@28, lath, $3 per M; shingles, $2 50; Eastern hardwood, 17@22c per foot

BROOMS—Common, $2@3 ₱ dozen, extra, $4@6

CANNED GOODS—Oysters $1 60@4, Jams and Jellies $4 50; Los Angeles Honey, $4 50; Strawberries, $4 50; Raspberries, $4 75; Blackberries $4 00, Pine Apple, $3 50, Green Gages, $3 75@4; Peaches, $4 25@4 50; Pie Fruit, $3@3 50, Green Pears, $3 50; Green Beans, $3 50; Lobsters, $3 50@3 75; Clams, $4, Green Corn, $3@3 25; Tomatoes, $3 25.

CANDLES—We quote market firm at 17@22c, full weight, light weight 16c.

CEMENT, New Jersey, $5; Astoria, $4 50; Calcine Plaster, $5, Land Plaster, $2 50; Santa Cruz Lime, $2 75; San Juan Lime, $2 13

COFFEE—Market well sustained at the following jobbing prices. Costa Rica 20½@21; Guatemala 20½@21; Rio and Manila, 20½@21c; Java, 26@27c. J F Jones & Co's Ground Java, 27½c, Chartres, 25c; Phoenix Premium, 26@27c.

DRUGS—Quotable in jobbing lots for Alum, bbls, 6c; Borax, 15@17, Blue Vitrol, 12½@13c; Potash Granix, 10c can, 3or, $2 25; Rosin, bbl, $12a15, Saltpetre, kegs, 13@30c; Sulphur, $8@10

DRY GOODS—Standard drills, 15@16 4c; seconds, 14c, Sheetings, light 11½c, medium, 12½c standard, 14@ 15½c; home living, 9½c, bleached shooting, 9@10½c, do, 7/8 10½c, do, 4-4 12½@13c cotton checks, 15@30c; lining checks, 15@17c, cambrics, 10c Cotton flannel, bleached, 15@ do, brown, 12½@15c. Cottonades, light, 22@25c; do, heavy, 30@35c. Denims, 15@30c; hickory stripe, 18@25c; Sackd prints, 11c, seconds, do, 9c. Ducks, 18@22c. Linseys, 20@30c Ticks, 7/8, 14@20c, do, 4-4, 22@25c Bear duck, 24c Table linen damask, brown, 35@50c, damask bleached, 60@75c. Diaper linen, 30@37½c. Sacks, seamless, 35@40c Alpaca, black, 25@30c Waterproof, $1 10@1 25 Crash 10@15c Ginghams—Domestic, 16@20c, Scotch, 22@30c. Lawns 16@22 Percales, 25@30

FRUITS (dried) AND PRESERVES—Apples, 7@7½c, packed, 8@9½c Peaches, 12½@13c; Hungarian Prunes, 14c, Plums, pitless, 20@22c; Raisins, new crop, in box, $4 50; half do, $2 50, quarter $1, eighth boxes, $1, Zante Currants, 14c; Oregon do, 10@12c Citron, 35@50c.

FISH—Cod, Pacific, 10c; Eastern, 11c; Mackerel, No. 1, ₱ bbl, $14 75, do No 2, $13 50; do kits, No 1, $3 50; do No 2, $2 75; Salmon, pickled, extra brands, half bbl, $4 00@5; bbl, $7 50@8, common brands, half bbls, $4 00@4 25; bbls, $6 50@7 00 Canned spiced, fresh, 2-lb cans, $3 00 per doz; 1-lb, $2 25. Sardines, qrs, $3 25; half, $2.

LIQUORS—Our market, jobbing prices, is quotable for Bourbon whiskies $2 25@5, Rye do $2 50@4, Domestic do $1 80@2. Brandy—French brands $4@12, California brandy $3@6. California wheat whisky $1 87½ and the advance. Gin—Holland, $3 50@5; Old Tom, $2@3 50; Rum—Fann, $3 50@5; Santa Cruz, $3 50@4 50; New England, $2@2 40; Jamaica, $4@8.

Markets.

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Metals.

METALS—Market for jobbing lots for Iron—Scotch and English pig reported in San Francisco, $65, refined bar, ₱ lb, 6½c, Sheet 14 to 20, 9½c do 24 to 27, 10c. Copper—Sheathing, ₱ lb, 42c; do Yellow, 49c; do bronzed limed, 38c; do old, 16c. Tin plates—Plates charcoal, IX per box, $19 50; do IC char, $17 50, Roofing Plates, $15; Banca Tin slabs ₱ lb, 02½c. Steel—English cast steel ₱ lb 18c. Lead—Pig ₱ lb 6½c Sheet 15c; Pipe 12. Bar 12@12½c. Zinc—Sheets ₱ lb 9 to 14. Babbitt metal, 30@40. Quicksilver, 95c. Present ware has advanced 25@50 ₱ c

NAILS—Quotable 10 to 60d per keg, $6 75, 8d 25c per keg advance, 6d, 50c per keg advance, 4d and 3d, 75c per keg advance; cut spikes, 60c per keg advance on the price of 10d, fence, 25c per keg advance on the same size of common nails, finishing and bradheads, 50c per keg advance on same size of common nails, box nails 50c per keg advance on same size common nails

NUTS—Almonds, 25@35c; Brazil, 20c, Filberts, 20c; Hickory, 25c; Peanut, 10c, Pecan, 25c, Walnuts, 15c.

OILS—We quote our market in jobbing lots for Devoes, 60cts, Downer's, 90@95c Standard, 60c; Castalina (5 gal cans), 60c; Crystaline (2 gal cans) 65c, Gunlight, 55@62½; China Nut, 62½@67c; Lard, in cases, extra, $1 25, No 1, $1 10; in barrels, extra, $1 10; No 1, $1, Castor, $1 15@1 80; Machine, 35c@$1 15. Linseed $1 15@1 20 for Salem

PAINTS—We quote market in jobbing lots for Averill's chemical pure, $4 25, Atlantic, 13½@14, Bartlett, 11 @12, North Niver, 11, Greenoak, 10½, French zinc white, 14, Devoe's zinc white, 12, Lamphiack, Eddy's, 60 @60, Germantown, 15@60, ordinary, 15@30 Venetian red, 6@8, Havre Ochre, 1@2½ red lead, 12½@13, Litharge, 13@14, zinc proof, 50@0 cents

HOPS—China, 25@28c; Patna, 8@ Island, 10c; Carolina, 12½c

ROPE—Market firm at 20c ₱ lb in jobbing lots.

SALT—Ground Rock, $17 ₱ ton; Carmen Island, $20 @22½; Live rock coarse, $26 fine, $30@37 50.

STARCH—On agents' rates, with the usual discount off to the trade and for cash, 6½c; pure, 12-lb boxes 10½c; 6-pounds, 11½c, gilver gloss, 5-lb boxes, 12½c, 1-lb papers, 13c, cord, 1 lb papers, 13c

SYRUP—A fair demand exists at prices ranging from, in kegs, 50@52½c, ½ bbls, 55@57½; bbls, 62½@65c.

SALERATUS—Barrels, 8½@9c; Donnelly's, 8½@9c; Babbitt's, 10@10½c.

SPICES—In whole and Allspice, in grain 25c; Cinnamon 45@50, Cloves, 25@30c; Nutmeg, $1 20@1 25. Spices in ginge Pepper, Ginger and Allspice, $1 60 ₱ doz, Cinnamon, $2, Mustard $1 75.

SUGARS—The market to-day is weak for Island at 8@10½c; Yellow and Golden C, in bbls, 10¾@ 10¾; in half bbls, ½c higher Crushed, 12½ in bbls, half bbls 13c1½c, Powdered, 12c13½.

SOAP—Quotable firm for R. Irving & Co's in lobing lots at 7@7½c.

TEAS—Stocks of hand good, with demand dull at the following rates: young hyson, 90@$1 50 per lb; 50@60c per lb, Japan, in papers, 50@62½c per lb, lacquered but, 60c to 80c.

TURPENTINE—Quotable at $1 15@1 20 ₱ gal.

WOOLEN GOODS—We quote agents' rates as follows (the first figure per bale, last for less). For Blankets (Faculty) A, $12 50; C, $11 50; E, $10 50; F, $9 50, G, $8 50, other descriptions 4 pt Grey, $8 00@8 25, 3 pt $7 00@7 25, 3 pt black border Grey, $6 50@6 75, 4 pt Vienna, $11@11 25, 4 pt, $8 50@8 75; 4 pt scarlet, $12 50 @12 75 3 pt $9 50@9 75; 4 pt Green, $10 50@10 75, 3 pt $8@8 25, 4 pt Blue, $10 50@10 75, 3 pt, $6@8 25. No. 6 Indian, $30@ 35, Flannel Clothing for Men's wear (first quality) regarded cold for extra sheer Grey Overshirts, $21 ₱ dozen; Grey Underclothings $19; White Underclothing, $21@23, Scarlet Underclothings $23@25, Fancy Cassimere Overshirts, extra also, $33@35 ₱ doz, Fancy Check Overshirts, $26 @0 Flannels, per yard, blue mixed heavy twilled, 50@60c; Scarlet, 45@50c; Grey, 30@40, Fancy Plaid, 37½@60c; plain colored, 45@50c; plain checked, 40c Honey Comb, per yard plain, $2 25, fancy, $2 25 Hard Times, $1@1 12½; Cassimeres, $1 25@1 75, Doeskin, $1 25@2, Tweed, $1 00@1 05; Yarns, $1 87@1 75

YEAST POWDERS—Preston & Merrill, $2@2 75; Ramsford's, $2 00@2 25; Jones' $2 25@2½; Donnelly's, $2 50@2 75

Markets.

	₱ lb.		pts. qts.
Worcester Sauce,	30@40	Catsup, Tomato,	2 50@3 00
Catsup, Tomato,	2 50@3 00	do Mushroom	4 50@6 00
do Mushroom	4 50@6 00	Capers	4 50@6 00
Capers	4 50@6 00	Curry Powders	5 50@6 00
Curry Powders	5 50@6 00	Mustard, French	2 75@3 25
Mustard, French	2 75@3 25	do Cal	2 50@3 00
do Cal	2 50@3 00	Pickles, English, pts	6 10
Pickles, English, pts	6 10	" " qts	9 00
" " qts	9 00		

NUTS.	₱ lb.
Almonds	30@40
Walnuts	20@25
Brazil	20@30
Filberts	20@25
Peanuts	10@12½
Pecan	25@30
Chestnuts	@37
Hickory	25

GAME	pair.
Ducks	62@ 75
Geese	1 50
Swan	2 00
Grouse	75
Pheasants	62
Venison, ₱ lb	10@ 12

FISH.	₱ lb.
Eastern Cod	15
Pacific Cod	8@12
Bluegoon	6
Salmon	8@ 15
Dessicated Cod	20
Mackerel, ₱ kit	2 50@4 50
Fresh Oysters ₱ 100	75

VEGETABLES.	₱ lb.
Squash	3
Beets	3
Onions	4
Carrots	3
Turnips	3
Garlic	20
Celery, ₱ doz	2 00
Cabbage, ₱ doz	75@1 00
Cauliflower ₱ doz	2 50
Potatoes, new	7
Asparagus	50
Lettuce, per doz.	75

MEATS.	₱ lb.
Beef